

B.A. Optional : ECONOMICS**Semester-VI****Paper: Eco.Core: 6.2: Karnataka Economy****(Work Load per week: 5 Hrs)****Module -1: Introduction**

Natural resources-population- rural and urban socio- economic conditions- indicators of development state- gross domestic product- per capita income

Module -2: Agricultural Development and Industrial development

Resource potentialities – present level of development- agricultural output- composition and trends – land reforms- agricultural marketing- agricultural prices and rural income- economic prospects of allied activities –fisheries- Livestock- Floriculture sericulture and horticulture. Industrial policy – Trends in major, medium and small industries – rural industrialisation – prospects of village and cottage industries-industrial finance- KSFC-SIDBI- KSIIDC

Module -3: Infrastructure Development and State finance

Present state of development- economic infrastructure- irrigation -power- transportation- communication –marketing – social infrastructure- education and health –planning for infrastructure development. State revenue- trends in tax revenue and non tax revenue- sharing of central taxes and grants in aid- trends in expenditure- trends in state's indebtedness.

Module -4: Regional disparities in Karnataka

Position and extent- causes and consequences –the concepts of backward area- criteria and identification – techniques to reduce imbalances- fiscal incentives and decentralisation of industries- recommendations of Pande, Wanchoo and Shivaraman Committees.

References:

1. Government of Karnataka- Five Year Plan Drafts Bangalore
2. Government of Karnataka- Inter State Economic Indicators, Bangalore
3. Government of Karnataka-Report on the redressal of Backward Regions in Karnataka
4. Madaiah M and R Ramapriya-Karnataka Economy.
5. Nanjundappa D M –Some Aspects of Karnataka Economy, Dharwad
6. Puttaswamaiah- Volumes on Karnataka

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B.A. Optional : ECONOMICS
Semester-VI

Paper: Eco.Core: 6.1: International Economic Theory
(Work Load per week: 5 Hrs)

Module -: Introduction

Importance of international economics- distinction between internal and international trade - Need for the study of international Economics.

Module -2: Theories of International Trade

Absolute cost advantage theory – comparative cost theory – Heckscher -Ohlin theory – Leontief paradox

Module -3: Terms of trade and commercial policy

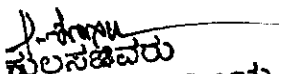
Meaning –gross terms of trade –net terms of trade – income terms of trade- concepts of reciprocal demand- factors affecting terms of trade- deterioration in terms of trade – gains from trade Free trade and protection trade policy relative merits and demerits. Tariffs- types and effects of tariffs –quotas –Its effects on trade – role of multinational corporations- trade liberalisation – world trade organization (WTO) and its functions – WTO and India

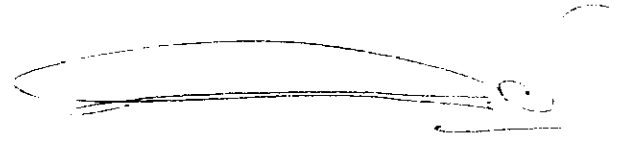
Module -4: Balance of payment and International Monetary System

Concepts of balance of trade and balance of payment- disequilibrium in balance of Payment- different measures to correct disequilibrium in the balance of payment- Merits and demerits of devaluation- Functions of International Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank and its affiliates.

Texts Books:

1. Dominick Salvatore- International Economics
2. Mithani D M - International Economics
3. Mannur H G - International Economics


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B.A. Optional : ECONOMICS**Semester-V****Paper: Eco.Core: 5.2: Indian Economy****(Work Load per week: 5 Hrs)****Module –1: Indian Economy: An Introduction**

Characteristics of the Indian Economy. Natural resources and human resource and economic developments- growth of population in India- Quality of population- population policy human development- concepts and measures National income of India- National income estimation in India-Trends in national income- growth and structure- limitations of national income estimation in India.

Module –2: Agriculture and Industry in India

Production and occupational structure- the role of agriculture in national economy- green revolution National agricultural policy- 2000- Public Distribution System- land reforms- size of farms and productive efficiency- rural credit in India- agricultural marketing- agricultural labour. Large Scale Industries: Iron and Steel industry Cotton textile industry- sugar industry information technology. Small Scale Industries: Role of small scale industries in Indian Economy- sickness in Indian Industry- Labour productivity and labour policy in India- National commission on labour.

Module –3: Foreign Trade in Indian Economy

Foreign trade of India- imports and exports of India- direction of Indian foreign trade- balance of payments- impact of WTO on India's foreign trade- India's foreign exchange reserves.

Module –4: Problems of Indian Economy

poverty- poverty eradication programmes in India- Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme- 2005-Indian Public Debt-Deficit Financing in India.

Text Books:

- 1.K P M Sundaram and Ruddar Dutt (2014) Indian Economy. SChand and sons New Delhi
- 2.Misra S K and V K Puri (2014) Indian Economy Himalaya Publications Mumbai
- 3.Agarwal A N (2012) Indian Economy- Problems of Development and planning.Vishwa prakashana , New Delhi.

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B.A. Optional : ECONOMICS
Semester-V

Paper: Eco.Core: 5.1: Public Finance
(Work Load per week: 5 Hrs)

Module -1: Introduction. Principles of Public economics.

Nature –Scope and Importance of Public Finance. Public Finance and private finance – role of public finance in Less developed and developing countries. Principle of Maximum Social Advantage- Distinction between Private and public goods. Market imperfection – Externalities.

Module -2: Public Expenditure and Public revenue

Principles of public expenditure –Wagner's Law of Increasing state activities- Kinds of Public expenditure and Canons of Expenditure Sources of public revenue – Tax revenue and non tax revenue Types of Direct and indirect taxation – proportional tax- progressive tax and regressive taxes- Incidence and shifting of taxes – effects of taxation –Characteristics of a Good Tax system.

Module -3: Public Debt and Deficit financing.


Meaning of public debt- causes for public debt- Limitations to raising public debt- burden of public debt –Debt redemption. Deficit financing: Meaning techniques of deficit financing - objectives of deficit financing

Module -4: The Public Budget and Fiscal Policy.

Classification of budget: programme and performance of budget- Budgetary deficits – primary deficit- Revenue deficits Zero base Budgeting - Revenue and expenditure of central government- India's public debt- deficit financing in India - Objectives of Fiscal Policy.

Text Books:

1. Agarwal R C Public Finance- Theory and Practice
2. Bhatia H L. Public Finance
3. Singh S K. Public Finance in Theory and Practice
4. Sundaram K P M and Andley. Public Finance


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