DAVANGERE UNIVERSITY



Program Structures and Syllabus for. Bachelor of Social Work (Basic/Hons.) with Social Work as Programme Core (Based on UGC -LOCF)

The realities have changed, the context has changed, the practice is changing and therefore the approach of learning has to alongside change.

> **Board of Studies in Social Work Davanagere University** Shivagangotri, Davanagere-577 007

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The Preamble

Social work as a profession from its very inception has been concerned with the promotion of the well-being of people assisting them at individual, group, and community levels to fulfill their unmet/felt needs and find the solutions to the problems which inhibit them to lead a meaningful and satisfying life in the society. The profession is especially concerned with the advancement of economic interest of the people with social justice and at the same time it helps to seek a deeper source of happiness i.e. self-realisation. Social workers view people and their environment as integrally intertwined and interdependent. As service professionals and change agent social workers not only work with individuals to effect personal changes, but also share a commitment to working towards changes in institutions and society. The profession is committed to encourage the people to take a broad view of the issues and challenges confronting any person, group or their organisation; and thus places emphasises on taking a holistic view of human life.

Strong foundation of social work education and practice is based on its three primary (Social Casework, Social Group Work and Community Organisation) and three auxiliary (Social Welfare Administration, Social Work Research, and Social Action) methods. Along with its theory inputs in the class room settings, the support of strong field work orientation, it promotes social change and social development, by professionals working towards empowering people. Social work believes in the individual freedom, human rights and individual and collective responsibility where the welfare of the people is at the centre stage i.e. there is no clash of interest between society and its units. It prepares the human beings at different stages of their lifeto face and address the challenges and for this it draws the knowledge, theories, skills, values and norms from many other social sciences.

Social work firmly believes in the inherent and hidden potential of the people and the need based optimum use of the available resources in the environment. It focuses on the individual wellbeing in a social context that would consequently lead to larger collective growth and wellbeing. As a profession, social work believes in the interplay of individual and environmental resources that impact each other contributing positively to the growth and development of the people and

society. Professional social workers are always aware and sensitive to the cultural and ethnic diversities and crunch of resources that leads to discrimination, poverty, unemployment, deprivation, and injustice. Social work activities are found in form of direct and indirect services like direct practice, supervision, consultation, administration, counselling, advocacy, social action, extension work, policy planning and development, education, research and evaluation. Each has its arena of practice; in seclusion or as is mostly seen in conjunction. Theories of Social Work practice have made sense of a lot of unknown social phenomenon, and over decades to come up with a vivid picture of social realities.

The mission of the social work profession is rooted in a set of core values. These core values, embraced by social workers throughout the profession's history, are the foundation of social work's unique purpose and perspective: in terms of service, social justice, dignity and worth of the person, importance of human relationships, integrity and competence.

Society is not a static entity as change is the law of nature. With the changes taking place in the society, the nature of the human needs and the ways and means to satisfy them also change, the social reality diversifies and the economic social and technological advancement create new challenges, new issues and new problems. Social work which is deemed to be a panacea for all social problems has to be abreast of all these realties and social work educators and practitioners should also change them accordingly. It is against this back drop that the University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi, has appointed an Expert Committee for drafting Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) for Social Work Syllabusat undergraduate level intending to prepare uniform terms of Model Syllabus for the institutions imparting social work pattern education at the UG level.

The main purpose of the Undergraduate Programme in Social Work is to develop and disseminate knowledge, skills and values through education, field training and research necessary for promoting, maintaining and improving the functioning of individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities existing in the society. The learning outcomes-based curriculum framework (LOCF) for undergraduate education is a framework based on the expected learning outcomes and academic standards that are expected to be attained by graduates of a programme of study and holder of a qualification. The key outcomes that underpin curriculum planning and development at the undergraduate level include Graduate Attributes, Qualification Descriptors, Programme Learning Outcomes, and CourseLearning Outcomes.

This Z to A approach is important from the standpoint of the urgency with which professional social work needs to respond to the challenges of an ever changing society. Describing the desirable outcomes more clearly and more specifically, aligning them to the professional abilities needed, has been the basic mandate of the task undertaken by the Committee. Each of the components, namely Graduate Attributes, Qualification Descriptors, Programme Learning Outcomes, and Course Learning Outcomes has been delineated and given a location in the curriculum. The matrix thereby created has been the framework for Committee members to use as a frame of reference.

The CBCS approach as an integral part of the LOCF enlarges the students' choices and enables them to select from the prescribed courses (core/elective or skill enhancement). In conformity with the UGC guidelines the curriculum for BSW has incorporated certain new inputs/learning and its salient features make it relevant to the contemporary practice mode.

LOCF for BSW syllabus will be of immense relevance to the prospective graduates having interest in social work education and practice. It will be very useful to make BSW students more vibrant and versatile by enhancing their skills and leading to their increased employability and in shaping their overall personality to take on the challenges of a competitive society - nationally and internationally. For the teachers, it has direction and an inbuilt flexibility. It has learning that is incremental, and will help hone the abilities of students who come from varied backgrounds. Also it gives them an opportunity to build on individual potential and produce a pool of better professionals each year.

1. Introduction

A high priority task in the context of future education development agenda in India is fostering quality higher education. Further improvement of quality of higher education is considered critical for enabling effective participation of young people in knowledge production and participation in the knowledge economy, improving national competitiveness in a globalized world and for equipping young people with skills relevant for global and national standards and enhancing the opportunities or social mobility. Sustained initiatives are required for institutionalizing an outcome-oriented higher education system and enhancing employability of graduates through curriculum reform based on a learning outcomes-based curriculum framework, improving/upgrading academic resources and learning environment, raising the quality of teaching and research across all higher education institutions; technology use and integration to improve teaching-learning processes.

Contemporary India is unique in terms of having more than 50 percentage of its population below the age of 25 years. The country needs to address the needs of students aspiring for professional education and for them to be well equipped with knowledge and skills to take up employment. There is a need to inculcate in them an attitude for life-long learning and understand the need for ongoing skill development. It therefore posits the need for paying attention to skill building and enhancing employability of these youth and to give them the direction for building the foremost nation of the world. In this direction, the Institutions of highereducation have an important role to play.

Social Work is a dynamic profession and always endeavours to respond to fresh challenges. Located in the very depth of the socio-cultural milieu, its very existence depends on this response to a changing context. It addresses the concerns of society and develops young social work professionals with the best of knowledge, skills and attitudes.

As is the case with other professions, Social Work too has a 'science' and an 'art' to it. Besides its core domains, it draws upon other disciplines. Over years, all professions have grown, and with expansion of knowledge, the boundaries between different disciplines have become porous. It therefore emerges (a) that curricula need to be revisited and revised; (b) supportive knowledge

areas and skill demands for practice be addressed in the curriculum; (c) employability

of young professionals should be kept in view; (d) pedagogies should be innovative and evolving out of the profession and (e) assessment and evaluation need to have a wide coverage of the knowledge and skills acquired during the course of study.

Vision

The LOCF-Social Work envisions the creation of a just and humane environment where professionally trained social workers having a quest for life-long learning and deeper sense of service, help people in enhancing their capacity and efficacy in finding lasting solutions to their problems and fulfilment of diversified needs, and thus work towards making this world liveable in a free and fair manner in harmony with nature.

Mission

The Mission of Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework for Social Work is to ensure quality education to the aspirants foreseeing the developmental trends in higher education, incorporating multi-disciplinary skills, making professional education and practice of social work more attractive, preparing the youth for lifelong learning in a competitive world and ultimately increasing the chances of their employability on the one hand and shaping their personality to take up new challenges, new assignments and new responsibilities comfortably on the other, and thus ultimately contributing in the mitigation of the problems of suffering humanity.

2. Learning Outcomes-based Approach to Curriculum Planning

The fundamental premise underlying the learning outcomes-based approach to curriculum planning and development is that higher education qualifications such as a Bachelor's Degree programmes are awarded on the basis of demonstrated achievement of outcomes (expressed in terms of knowledge, understanding, skills, attitudes and values) and academic standards expected of graduates of a programme of study. Learning outcomes specify what graduates completing a particular programme of study are expected to know, understand and be able to do at the end of their programme of study.

The expected learning outcomes are used as reference points that would help formulate graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes. They provide general guidance for articulating the essential learning associated with programmes of study and courses within a programme.

The learning outcomes-based curriculum framework is well intended to allow for flexibility and innovation in (i) programme design and syllabi development by higher education institutions(HEIs), (ii) teaching-learning process, (iii) assessment of student learning levels, and (iv) periodic programme review within a broad framework of agreed expected graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes. The overall objectives of the learning outcomes-based curriculum framework are to:

- Help formulate graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes that are expected to be demonstrated by the holder of a qualification;
- Enable prospective students, parents, employers and others to understand the
 nature and level of learning outcomes (knowledge, skills, attitudes and values) or
 attributes a graduate of a programme should be capable of demonstrating on
 successful completion of the programme of study;
- Maintain national standards and international comparability of learning outcomes
 and academic standards to ensure global competitiveness, and to facilitate
 student/graduate mobility; and Provide higher education institutions an important
 point of reference for designing teaching-learning strategies, assessing student
 learning levels, and periodic review of programmes and academic standards.

2.1 Nature and Extent of the BSW/ BA Honors in Social Work

Social work is very old as a service, and relatively new as a profession. Since the dawn of human civilization, it has been practiced as a humanitarian service. In its endeavour to serve human concerns, social work practitioners applied knowledge and techniques derived from varied fields of art and science to the resolve the social problems besetting individuals, groups and communities. Gradually, its arduous attempts to the service of humanity led to the dawn of Social Work as the discipline, scientific in method and artful in manner

Somehow the very nomenclature, 'social work' has also created some confusion in the minds of people. After 'social welfare' was institutionalized under the auspices of 'welfare state' that social work was recognized as a profession due to the demand of social welfare institution's to carry outthe welfare programmes.

Overcoming the debates surrounding social work as a profession, scientific knowledge base comprise of (a) tested knowledge, (b) hypothetical knowledge requiring transformation into tested knowledge, and (c) assumptive knowledge requiring transformation into hypothetical and then into tested knowledge. Therefore, the responsibility of a profession is to insure that it has tested and verified knowledge and addresses the concerns of society and develops young social work professionals with the best of knowledge, skills and attitudes

In the course of helping, social work professionals uses a wide range of social work methods through the application of skills and techniques. Therefore social work graduates are expected to learn primary methods of social work that includes case work, group work and community work and auxiliary methods that includes social work research, social action and social welfare administration. In practice of the different methods, techniques and skills are used to assess problems and develop interventions. These are to be imbibed among students by acquiring various social work attributes such as having disciplinary knowledge, Communication Skills, Problem solving, Analytical reasoning, research skill, team work, reflective thinking, diversity management, moral and ethical awareness and lifelong learning.

Skill development of the students is a qualitative aspect where they not only learn to explore and employ their growing acumen in real life fields but also build capacity for lifelong learning. In this direction, Social Work is a dynamic profession and always endeavours to respond to fresh challenges. The LOCF visualizes that graduate training needs to attend to the following considerations.

- 1. Acquisition of graduate attributes and descriptors with demonstrated abilities through field work training
- 2. Knowledge of Media and Information Literacy in the context of Social Work practice
- 3. Application of Programme Media in social work practice

- 4. Skill development and Entrepreneurship abilities to be taught at undergraduate levels
- 5. Development of research and analytical abilities through dissertation as a separate paper
- 6. Responding to dynamic socio-cultural milieu, restructuring of discipline specific papers for students.
- 7. Field work has been made an integral part of the syllabus, giving an opportunity to thestudents for practice in diverse settings
- 8. Selection of courses from range of electives allows in built flexibility, for students

 The central aim of undergraduate programme in social work is to develop and disseminate knowledge, skills and values through education, field training and research necessary for promoting, maintaining and improving the functioning of individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities existing in the society. The programme is strongly committed to a diverse learning environment, in which respect for dignity and worth of all human beings and understanding of diverse conditions would be practiced. It respects individual uniqueness and offers a professional programme to build a foundation for practice with population groups, keeping the larger goal in mind.

2.2 Aims of Bachelor's Degree Programme in Social Work

The specific aims of learning outcomes-based curriculum framework (LOCF) in social work are:

- a. To enable students to understand history, philosophy, values, ethics and functions of social work profession, and its linkages with other social science disciplines;
- b. To equip students with knowledge on core and ancillary methods of professional social work, and its practice base;
- c. To inculcate in the students values of enquiry and research; and thereby develop problem solving and decision making abilities;
- d. To prepare professionals to practice in diverse social work settings and also address contemporary issues and concerns such as of marginalized and exclusive population;
- e. To make learners- the young professionals sensitive to the needs of the people at individuals, group and community levels and to social problems in changing social,

cultural and techno-economic context;

- f. To develop young professionals with good communication skills and quest for a self-motivated life-long learning, focusing on skilling and re-skilling in their respective field of social work practice;
- g. To develop in the graduates a perspective on understanding planning and development at the national and international levels; and also thrust on national policies directed towards achieving sustainable development
- h. To imbibe in the learners the values of social justice, human rights, empathy, hard and honest work- thereby developing in them the vision to work towards an egalitariansociety.

3. Graduate Attributes

The graduate attributes reflect the particular quality and feature or characteristics of an individual, including the knowledge, skills, attitudes and values that are expected to be acquired by a graduate through studies at the higher education institution (HEI) such as a college or university. The graduate attributes include capabilities that help strengthen one's abilities for widening current knowledge base and skills, gaining new knowledge and skills, undertaking future studies, performing well in a chosen career and playing a constructive role as a responsible citizen in the society. The graduate attributes define the characteristics of a student's university degree programme(s), and describe a set of characteristics/competencies that are transferable beyond study of a particular subject area and programme contexts in which they have been developed. Graduate attributes are fostered through meaningful learning experiences made available through the curriculum, the total college/university experiences and a process of criticaland reflective thinking.

The learning outcomes-based curriculum framework is based on the premise that every student and graduate is unique. Each student or graduate has his/her own characteristics in terms of previous learning levels and experiences, life experiences, learning styles and approaches to future career-related actions. The quality, depth and breadth of the learning experiences made available to the students while at the higher education institutions help develop their characteristic attributes. The graduate attributes reflect both disciplinary knowledge and understanding, generic skills,

including global competencies that all students in different academic fields of study should acquire/attain and demonstrate. Some of the characteristic attributes that a Social Work graduate should demonstrate are as follows:

Disciplinary Knowledge: Capable of demonstrating comprehensive knowledge and understanding of one or more disciplines that form a part of an undergraduate programme of study. Awareness of the social context, policies and programmes directed towards social development; understanding of social problems, social legislations and the rights based approach.

Communication Skills: Ability to express thoughts and ideas effectively, demonstrate the ability to listen carefully, read and write analytically, and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups. Develop skills in verbal and non-verbal communication, preparation and presentation of documents/reports/PPTs. Skills of interpersonal communication, use of IEC and programme media in working with diverse population groups. Able to use ICT in a variety of learning situations, demonstrate ability to access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant information sources and develop digital literacy as applicable to the professional needs.

Critical Thinking: Capability to apply analytic thought to a body of knowledge; analyze and evaluate evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs on the basis of empirical evidence; identify relevant assumptions or implications; formulate coherent arguments; critically evaluate practices, policies and theories by following scientific approach to knowledge development.

Problem Solving: Capacity to extrapolate from what one has learned and apply their competencies to solve different kinds of problems by stepping out of comfort zones and takingup challenges in unforeseen challenges.

Analytical Reasoning: Ability to access secondary information as a consumer, identifyright resources/ data banks. Analyze and synthesize data from a variety of sources and draw validconclusions.

Davangere University Shivagangotri, Davangere. Research-related Skills: As a producer of research develop basic skills and a scientific attitude, problem identification and formulation of research design; ability to plan, execute and report a research investigation; develop skills to prepare case studies and best practice documentation, learn to use appropriate software for analyzing data and work towards generation of indigenous knowledge.

Cooperation and Team Work: Ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams; facilitate cooperative or coordinated effort on the part of a group and or a team in the interests of a common cause and work efficiently as a player.

Reflective Thinking: Awareness of and ability to use one's professional skills and behavioural competencies that meet the need of the situation.

Self-motivated Learning: Ability to identify needs and mobilize resources independently, monitor and evaluate programmes. Ability to guide and lead clientele in the community/work setting in the right direction.

Diversity Management and Inclusive Approach: Able to understand and appreciate diversity (caste, ethnicity, gender and marginalization), values and beliefs of multiple cultures in a global perspective, managing diversity, use of an inclusive approach to the extent possible.

Moral and Ethical Awareness/Reasoning: Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life, formulate a position/argument about an ethical issue from multiple perspectives, and use ethical practices in all work. Capable of demonstrating the ability to identify ethical issues related to one's work, avoid unethical behaviour such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism, not adhering to intellectual property rights; appreciating environmental and sustainability issues; and adopting objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all aspects of social work.

Lifelong Learning: Capable of self-paced and self-directed continuous learning aimed at personal/professional development and for improving knowledge, attitude and skills as also re-skilling in diverse areas

4. Qualification Descriptors

A qualification descriptor indicates the generic outcomes and attributes expected for the award of a particular type of qualification (e.g. a bachelor's degree or a bachelor's degree with honours). The qualification descriptors also describe the academic standard for a specific qualification in terms of the levels of knowledge and understanding, skills and competencies and attitudes and values that the holders of the qualification are expected to attain and demonstrate. These descriptors also indicate the common academic standards for the qualification and help the degree-awarding bodies in designing, approving, assessing and reviewing academic programmes. The learning experiences and assessment procedures are expected to be designed to provide every student with the opportunity to achieve the intended programme learning outcomes. The qualification descriptors reflect both disciplinary as well as generic skills, including global knowledge and understanding competencies that all students in different academic fields of study should acquire/attain and demonstrate.

Qualification Descriptors for a Bachelor's Degree with Honours in Social Work: The students who complete three years of full-time study of an undergraduate programme of study will be awarded a Bachelor's Degree. Some of the expected learning outcomes that a student should be able to demonstrate on completion of a degree-level programme may include the following:

- Demonstrate (i) a fundamental/systematic or coherent understanding of an academic field of study, its different learning areas and applications, and its linkages with related disciplinary areas/subjects; (ii) procedural knowledge that creates different types of multidisciplinary professionals including research and development, teaching and government and public service; (iii) skills in areas related to one's specialization and current developments in the academic field of study; (iv) Professional and behavioural competencies.
 - Use knowledge, understanding and skills required for identifying problems and issues, collection of relevant quantitative and/or qualitative data drawing on a wide range of sources, and their application, analysis and evaluation using

methodologies as appropriate to the subject(s) for formulating evidence-based solutions and arguments;

- Meet one's own learning needs, drawing on a range of current research and developmentwork and professional materials;
- Apply one's disciplinary knowledge and transferable skills to new/unfamiliar contexts, and demonstrate knowledge to work with individuals, groups and communities.

Program Structures for Bachelor of Social Work (Basic/Hons.) with Social Work as Programme Core (Based on UGC –LOCF)

Sem.	Discipline Core	Discipline Elective(DSE)	Ability Enhancemen	nt Compulsory	Skill Enhancement Cou	urses (SEC)		Total
	(Credits)	/ Open Elective (OE) (Credits)	Courses (AECC), L (Credits) (L+T+P)	anguages	Skill based (Credits) (L+T+P)	Value based (Credits) (L+T+P)		Credits
I	BSW C1 (4) BSW C2 (4) BSW C3 (4)(P)	OE-1 (3)	L1-1 (3), L2-1 (3)(4 Hrs Each)		SEC-1:Digital Fluency(2)(1+0+2)	Yoga (1)(0+0+2)	Health & Wellness (1)(0+0+2)	25
II	BSW C4 (4) BSW C5 (4) BSW C6 (4) (P)	OE-2 (3)	L1-2(3), L2-2 (3) (4 Hrs Each)	Environmental Studies(2)		Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural (1)(0+0+2)	25
	Ex	it option with Certificate in	n Social Work (with the	completion of cou	arse equal to a minimum of	f 48 Credits)		
III	BSW C7 (4) BSW C8 (4) BSW C9 (3) BSW C10(4) (P)		L1-3 (3), L2-3(3) (4 Hrs Each)		SEC-2: Programme Media and Its Application(2) (1+0+2)	Sports(1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S &G)/Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	25
IV	BSW C11 (4) BSW C12 (4) BSW C13 (3) BSW C14 (4)(P)		L1-4 (3), L2-4(3) (4 Hrs Each)	Constitution of India(2)		Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	25
	Ex	it option with Diploma in i	n Social Work (with the	e completion of co				
V	1	BSW E1 (3) Vocational -1(3)	,		SEC-3:Skill Development and Entrepreneurship(2)	Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S &G)/Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	24
VI	BSW C18 (4) BSW C19 (4)	BSW E2(3) Vocational-2 (3) Internship(2)			SEC-4:Professional Communication(2)	Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	24
	Exit	Option with Award of Bac	chelor of Social Work D	Degree BSW(with t	he completion of course ed	qual to a minimum o	of 140 Credits)	-,
VII	BSW C21 (4) BSW C22 (4)	BSW E3 (3) BSW E4(3) Res. Methodology(3)						23
VIII	BSW C25 (3)	BSW E5 (3) BSW E6 (3) Research Project(6)*						22

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2. B. S. W. Degree/ Honours Degree and M.S.W (Integrated) Programmes

a) I/ II Semesters

_		Course/	Instruction	Hrs. of	Marks			
Sem.	Subjects	Paper	hrs/week	Exam	IA	Exam	Total	Credits
	Discipline Core Courses	2T	2x4	2x2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x4
I-IV	Discipline Cole Courses	1P	1x12	1x3	1x50	1x50	1x100	1x4
	1 Open Elective	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
I-IV	2 Languages	2T	2x4	2x2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x3
II /IV	ES or CoI	1T	1x3	1x2	1x20	1x30	1x50	1x2
I &III	SEC	T+P	1+2	2	1x25	1x25	1x50	1x2
I-IV	Yoga/ Sports	1P	1x2	_	1x25	_	1x25	1x1
I-IV	H&W/NCC/ NSS/R&R/CA	1P	1x2	-	1x25	-	1x25	lx1

b) III/ IV Semesters

		Course/	Instruction	Hrs. of	Marks			
Sem.	Subjects	Paper	hrs/week	Exam	IA	Exam	Total	Credits
		2T	2x4	2x2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x4
I-IV	Discipline Core Courses	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
i .		1P	1x12	1x3	1x50	1x50	1x100	1x4
I-IV	2 Languages	2T	2x4	2x2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x3
II /IV	ES or CoI	1T	1x3	1x2	1x20	1x30	1x50	1x2
I &III	SEC	T+P	1+2	2	1x25	1x25	1x50	1x2
I-IV	Yoga/ Sports	1 P	1x2	-	1x25	-	1x25	1x1
I-IV	H&W/NCC/ NSS/R&R/CA	1P	1x2		1x25	_	1x25	1x1

c) V Semester

Com	Subjects	Course/	Instruction	Hrs. of	Marks	1		Credits
Sem.	Subjects	Paper	hrs/ week	Exam	IA	IA Exam		Credits
	Discipline Core	2T	2x4	· 2x2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x4
	Courses	1P	1x12	1x3	1x50	1x50	1x100	1x6
V	Discipline Elective	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
	Vocational Course	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
V	SEC	T+P	1+2	2	1x25	1x25	1x50	1x2
* *	Yoga/ Sports	1P	1x2	-	1x25	-	1x25	1x1
V	H&W/NCC/NSS/R&R/CA	1P	1x2	-	1x25	-	1x25	1x1

d) VI Semester

C	Sub-leaste	Course/	Instruction	Hrs. of	Marks			Cuadita
Sem.	Subjects	Paper	hrs/ week	Exam	IA	Exam	Total	Credits
	Discipline Core	2T	2x4	2x2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x4
	Courses	1P	1x12	1x3	1x50	1x50	1x100	1x4
VI	Discipline Elective	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
	Vocational Course	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
VI	SEC	T+P	1+2	2	1x25	1x25	1x50	1x2
* **	Yoga/ Sports	1P	1x2	-	1x25	-	1x25	1x1
VI	H&W/NCC/NSS/R&R/CA	1 P	1x2	-	1x25	-	1x25	1x1
VI	Internship between 5 th & 6 th Semester	3 to	4 weeks	Report & presentation	1x25	1x25	1x50	1x2

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e) VII /VIII Semester

Sem.		Course/	Instruction	Duration of	Marks			C 3:4-
Sem.	Subjects	Paper	hrs/week	Exam(hrs)	IA	Exam	Total	Credits
	Discipline Core	2T	2x4	2x 2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2 x 4
	Courses	1P	1x12	1x3	1x50	1x50	1x100	1 x 6
VII	Discipline Elective	2T	2 x 3	2 x 2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x3
	Research Methodology	1T	1x3	1x2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
	Discipline Core	2T	2x3	2x 2	2x40	2x60	2x100	2 x 3
	Discipline Core	1P	1x12	1x3	1x50	1x50	1x100	1 x 4
VIII	Discipline Elective	2T	2x 3	2 x 3	2x40	2x60	2x100	2x3
	Research Project *	1P	12	Viva + Report Evaln.	60	40+100	1x200	1x6

^{*} Two Discipline Elective papers may be offered in lieu of the project work.

f) IX/X Semester

Sem.		Course/	Instruction	Duration of	Marks			Credits
Sem.	Subjects	Paper	hrs/ week	Exam (hrs.)	IA	Exam	Total	Credits
	Discipline Core	2T	2 x 4	2x 2 .	2x40	2x60	2x100	2 x 4
77.7	with Practical	1P	1 x 12	1 x 2	1x50	1x50	1x100	1 x 4
IX	Discipline Elective	3T	3 x 3	3 x 2	3x40	3x60	3x100	3x3
	Open Elective	1T	1 x 3	1 x 2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1x3
	Dissipling Com	1T	1x 4	1 x 2	1x40	1x60	1x100	1 x 4
	Discipline Core	IP	1 x 12	1 x 2	1x50	1x50	1x100	1 x 4
X	Discipline Elective	3T	3x 3	3x 2	3x40	3x60	3x100	3 x 3
	Research Project*	1RP	12	Viva+Report Evaluation	60	40+100 (Viva)	1x200	1x 6

Sem.	Discipline Core (Credits)	Discipline	Ability Enhancen	ient Compulsory	Skill Enhanceme	ent Courses (SEC)		
		Elective(DSE) / Open Elective (OE) (Credits)	Courses (AECC), (Credits) (L+T+P	Languages	Skill based (Credits) (L+T+P)	Value based (Credits) (L+T+P)		Total Credits
I	BSW C1 (4) Foundations of Social Work (FSW) BSW C2 (4) Social Science Concepts and Social Work (SSCS) BSW C3 (4) (P)Field Work Practice- 01	OE-1 (3) Fields of Social Work practice	L1-1 (3), L2-1 (3)(4 Hrs Each)		SEC-1: Digital Skills for Social Work Practice (2)(1+0+2)	Yoga (1)(0+0+2)	Health & Wellness (1) (0+0+2)	25
II	BSW C6 (4) (P) Field Work Practice -02	and ChildDlevelopment	L1-2(3), L2-2 (3) (4 Hrs Each)	nvironmental Studies(2)		Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	25
	Exit option	with Certificate in Social	Work (with the con	pletion of course e	qual to a minimum	of 48 Credits)		
III	BSW C7 (4) Community Organization and Social Action (COSA) BSW C8 (4) Psychology and Social Work (PSW) BSW C9 (3) Contemporary Social Problems and Concerns (CSPS) BSW C10 (P) Field Work Practice -03		L1-3 (3), L2-3(3) (4 Hrs Each)		SEC-2: Programme Media and Its Application(2) (1+0+2)	Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R&R(S& G)/Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	25
IV	BSW C11 (4) Social Work Research (SWR) BSW C12 (4) Human Rights and Social Justice (HRSJ) BSW C13 (3) Social Legislation in India (SLI) BSW C14 (4) (P) Field Work Practice -04		L1-4 (3), L2-4(3) (4 Hrs Each)	Constitution of India(2)			NCC/NSS/R&R(S& G)/Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	25
		with Diploma in in Social	Work (with the cor	npletion of course				
V	BSW C15 (4) Social Policy, Planning and Development (SPPD) BSW C16 (4) Areas of Social Work Practice -1 (ASWP 1) BSW C17 (6) (P) Field Work Practice -05	BSW E-1 (3) (Any One paper can be opted out of three) Health: Issues and Concerns (HIC) Disaster Management (DM) Environmental Social Work (ESW)			SEC-3:Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (2)		NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/Cultural (1) (0+0+2)	24

								,		<u> </u>
,		Vocational -1 (3) (Any								
		One paper can be opted			•	1				
		out of three)								
		Counseling and		-		ļ				
		Guidance (CG)								
		NGO and Project								
		Formulation (NPF)								
		Life Skills (LS)								
VI	BSW C18 (4) Social Welfare	BSW E2(3) -					EC-		NCC/NSS/R&R(S&	24
VI	Administration (SWA)	Dissertation and Viva					4:Professional		G)/Cultural (1)	
	Administration (5 112)	Voce (DVV) or				(Communication((1)(0+0+2)	(0+0+2)	
	BSW C19 (4) Areas of Social Work	(Any One paper can be					2)			
	Practice -2 (ASWP2)	opted out of three instead								
1	BSW C20 (4) (P) Field Work Practic	e -06 of Dissertation)								
		The Gender dimensions		İ						
		of Disability		.						
		Critical Perspectives on								
		Social Work:				•				
		Introduction to Social Theories								
1		Therapeutic Intervention								
		Vocational -2 (3)								
		Corporate Social								
		Responsibility (CSR)				,				
		Social Work Practice								
		with Differently Abled	3							
		(SWPDA)								
		Public Health								
		Management								
					<u> </u>					
		Internship(2) Award of Bachelor of Social We	L Doors	DCW//	ith the een	nnletion	of course equal to	a minimum of 180 C	(redits)	L
4		SW E3 (3) (Any One	ork Degre	L DOW(W)	tili the con	apietion C	T course equal to	a minimum 01 200 C	23	
VII		per can be opted out of								
		ree)			İ					
	BSW C22 (4) Empowerment				• :			1		
	and Davalanment of							•		
	Marginalized He	ealth Care and Social								

	·		Managara de la companya de la compa			
BSW C23 (6) (P) Field Work Work Practice(3)					
Practice -07	Women and Chil	d				
	Development (3)					
	Mental Health (3	,				
	BSW E4(3) (An	y One				
	paper can be opt	ed out of				
	three)	- d. (2)				
	School Social W	ork (3)				
	Social Work Pra					
	Non-Profit Orga	nization				
	(3)	•				
	Social work Prac	tice in				
	governance(3)	(2)				
VIII BSW C24	Res. Methodolog (3) Networking and BSW E5 (3) (A)					20
Advocacy	paper can be opt					22
	(3) Personal and three)					
Professiona						
BSW C26 ((4) (P) Field Work Psychiatric Social Correctional Social			:		
Practice -0	Women and Law					
	Woman and Eavi					
	BSW E6 (3) (A					
	paper can be opt	ed out of				
	three)					
	Medical Social V	Vork				
	Issues and Chall					
	Criminal Justice	Social				
	Work		•			
	Criminal Law an	d				
	Practice					
	Research Project	and				
	Internship/ Block	ς				
	Placement (06) o					
	Two Elective Pa	pers			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Case Studies	
Program impact	
Evaluation	
Participatory Research	
Methods	
Technology and Social	
Work.(3)	

Award of Bachelor of Social Work Honours Degree BSW(with the completion course equal to a minimum of 180 Credits

Chairman
Board of Studies (UG)
Department of Social Work
Davangere University
Davangere - 577 007

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5. Programme Learning Outcomes

The outcomes and attributes described in qualification descriptors are attained by students through learning acquired on completion of a programme of study. The term 'programme' refers to the entire scheme of study followed by learners leading to a qualification. Individual programmes of study will have defined learning outcomes which must be attained for the award of a specific certificate/diploma/degree. The programme learning outcomes are aligned with the relevant qualification descriptors.

Programme learning outcomes include subject-specific skills and generic skills, including transferable global skills and competencies, the achievement of which the students of a specific programme of study should be able to demonstrate for the award of the Degree qualification. The programme learning outcomes clearly focus on knowledge and skills that prepare students for further study, employment, and citizenship. They help ensure comparability of learning levels and academic standards across colleges/universities and provide a broad picture of the level of competence of graduates of a given programme of study.

Index
Tables of Programme Learning Outcomes

Table Number 1	Core Courses	:	Academic Aptitude
Table Number 2	Core Courses	:	Personal and Professional Aptitude
Table Number 3	Core Courses	:	Societal Aptitude
Table Number 4	Ability Enhancement Compulsory / Skill Enhancement Courses	:	Academic Aptitude
Table Number 5	Ability Enhancement Compulsory/Skill Enhancement Courses	:	Personal and Professional Aptitude
Table Number 6	Ability Enhancement Compulsory /Skill Enhancement Courses	:	Societal Aptitude
Table Number 7	Discipline Specific Elective	:	Academic Aptitude
Table Number 8	Discipline Specific Elective	:	Personal and Professional Aptitude
Table Number 9	Discipline Specific Elective	:	Societal Aptitude
Table Number 10	Field Work Practicum	:	Academic Aptitude
Fable Number 11	Field Work Practicum	:	Personal and Professional Aptitude
Table Number 12	Field Work Practicum		Societal Aptitude

Programme	!		~			Tabl	Core C	ourse						
Outcomes	CC1	CC2	ССЗ	CC4	CC5	CC6	CC7	CC8	C9	C10	11	CC12	C13	CC14
	FSW	SSC SW	scw	SGW	COSA	PSW	CSP C	SWR	HR SJ	SLI	SPP D	ASW P1	SW A	ASWP 2
	,		,		Aca	ademic .	Aptitud	e					·	
1.1 Understanding of Concept, Nature and Importance	х	X	Х	х	х	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	х
1.2 Theoretical Understanding	X	х	Х	х	X	х	Х	Х	х	х	·X	x	Х	х
1.3 Professional Knowledge & Attitude	X		Х	х	X	x		х				X	Х	X
1.4 Knowledge ofProgramme Media & Information Literacy	х				х	X								
1.5 Understanding of Individual/Gro up/Community Issues	х		х	х	х			X				X ·	x	X
1.6 Application ofScientific Knowledge & Skills	х		х	X	Х		х		X	x		_X		х
1.7 Critical Evaluation Social Work Theory and Practice	х		х	X	х			Х		THE PARTY OF THE P		X	х	х

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

Table 2 Core Course Programme Outcomes CC9 C10 CC11 CC1 C13 CC12 CC2 CC3 CC4 CC5 CC6 CC7 CC8 CC14 ASW SW ASW SSCS CSP HR SPP FS PSW SCW SGW COSA SWR SLI W **P**1 P2 Personal and Professional Aptitude 2.1 Understandi ng Self & Self X X X X X X X Х X Guiding Principles 2.2 Ability to Develop X X X X Х X X X X X Professional Skills 2.3 Ethical & Psycho- Social X X Χ X X X X X X X Х X Sensibility 2.4 Applicationof Social Work Х X X Х Х Х X Х Х X X Х Skills& Techniques 2.5 Ability to Work With X X X X X Х X Х X X Individual, Group & Community

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

	1					Tabl	le 3							
Programme Outcomes	Core (Course	ì			T		Τ	C9	C10	11	T	C13	T
Outcomes	CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4	CC5	CC6	CC7	CC8	Cy	C10	11	CC12	C13	CCI
	FSW	SSCS W	SC W	SGW	COS A	PSW	CSP C	SWR	HR SJ	SLI	SPP D	ASW P1	SW A	ASW P2
	,1	¥¥	<u> </u>	<u>[</u>		cietal A	<u>. </u>	e	53		<u> </u>	1 11		
3.1							Î							
Moral, Ethical														
&Cultural	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	x
Issues											: 			
3.2														
Understanding	İ													
Social Issues,		х	x	X	Х	X	x	x	X	x	х	X	X	x
Problems &	X	A	A	_ ^	Λ	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	 ^ _
Fields														
3.3											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cooperation,														
Collaboration&	X	. X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X ~
Participation											:			
3.4														
Ecological &		X	x	X	х	X				x	X	x		X
Sustainable		^		, A						^				
Development			i					<u> </u>						
3.5 Professional &									-					
Social	x	X	Х	х	Х	X		x	X	X		X	X	$ \mathbf{x} $
Responsibilit	^	Λ	^	^	Λ	^		^	^	^		^	Λ	^
у			į											
3.6														
Community														
Welfare &	X	Х	X	X	X		Х	X	X	X	Х	X	X	х
Social														
Wellbeing														

'X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

	T	able 4		
ProgrammeOutcomes	ulsory Course / Sk	ill Enhancemer	ntCourse	
	AECC 1	AECC 2	SEC 1	SEC 2
	unicativeEng.	SWPMIL	rog. Media& Its Appl.	Skill Development Entr.
	Academic Aptitud	e		
4.1		,		
Understanding of Concept,	X	X	X	X
Nature and Importance				* Transport
4.2	V	V	X	x
Theoretical Understanding	X	X	^	^
4.3				
Professional Knowledge &	X	X	X	X
Attitude				
4.4				
Knowledge of Programme		l x	X	
Media & Information		^	^	
Literacy				
4.5				
Understanding . of	X	X	x	X
Individual/Group/Community		^	^	^
Issues ·				
4.6				
Application of Scientific	X	X	X	X
Knowledge & Skills			***	
4.7				
Critical Evaluation Social		X	X	X
Work Theory and Practice				

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

	- CONTRACTOR - CON	Table 5		
ProgrammeOutcomes	Ability Enhanceme			
	AECC 1	AECC 2	SEC 1	SEC 2
	unicativeEng.	SWPMIL	g. Media &Its Appl.	evelopmentEntr.
	Personal and Profe	essional Aptitude		
5.1				1
Understanding Self & Self	X	X	X	X
Guiding Principles				
5.2				
Ability to Develop	X	X	X	X
Professional Skills				
5.3				
Ethical & Psycho-Social		X	X	X
Sensibility				
5.4				
Application of Social				
Work Skills & Techniques		X	X	X
5.5				
Ability to Work With				
•		X	X	X
•				
Individual, Group & Community.		X	X	Х

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

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	- Alles Salvas	Table 6		
ProgrammeOutcomes	Ability Enhanceme			
	AECC 1	AECC 2	SEC 1	SEC 2
	unicativeEng.	SWPMIL	g. Media &Its Appl.	evelopmentEntr.
·	Societal Aptitude	•		
6.1				
Moral, Ethical &Cultural	X	x	X	X
Issues				
6.2				
Understanding Social		X	X	X
Issues, Problems &		_ ^	^	^
Fields				
6.3				
Cooperation,		X	X	X
Collaboration &		^	^	^
Participation				
6.4				
Ecological &			x	X
Sustainable Development			^	^
6.5				
Professional & Social	X	X	X	X
Responsibility				
6.6				
Community Welfare &		X	X	X
Social Wellbeing				,

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

			T	able 7						
Programme Outcomes				Disci	pline S _l	pecific I	Elective			
	DSE	DSE	DSE	DSE	DSE	DSE	DSE	DSE8	DSE	DSE1
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		9	0
	HIC	DM	ESW	SD	NPF	CG	Disst	SWM	CSR	SWD
								P		A
			Acaden	nic Apti	tude					
7.1										
Understanding of	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	X	x	X	x
Concept, Nature and	1	7.	1	7.	7.	Λ	, A	, A		
Importance										
7.2										
Theoretical Understanding	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X
7.3										
Professional Knowledge		X	Х		X		X	Х	X	
& Attitude										
7.4										
Knowledge of		Х		Х	Х	X	X		X	
Programme Media &				1-	11		11		11	
Information Literacy										
7.5										
Understanding of	X	Х	Х	х		Х	Х	X	X	x
Individual/Group/Commu	,, -									
nity Issues										
7.6										
Application of Scientific	X	X	Х		X	X	Х		X	
Knowledge & Skills										
7.7		,								
Critical Evaluation Social	X	Χ	х		Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	x
Work Theory and				ĺ						
Practice										

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

					Table 8					
Programme Outcomes				I	Discipline	Specific E	lective		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Outcomes	DSE1	DSE2	DSE3	DSE4	DSE5	DSE6	DSE7	DSE8	DSE9	DSE10
	HIC	DM	ESW	SD	NPF	CG	Disst.	SWMP	CSR	SWDA
		1	Pers	onal and	Professio	nal Aptitud	de			
8.1	1		,				}			
Understanding								an canada		
Self & Self		Х	X		X	X	X	X		X
Guiding										
Principles										
8.2										
Ability to										
Develop	X	Х	X		X	X		X	X	X
Professional										
Skills										
8.3										
Ethical & Psycho-Social	X	X	x	X		X	X	X	Х	X
Psycho-social Sensibility				}						
8.4		-								
Application of										
Social Work	X	X	X	X	х	X	Х	X	X	X
Skills &	-									
Techniques						-				
8.5										
Ability to Work										
With Individual,	X	X	X	x		X	X	X	x	X
Group &	^	^	^	_ ^		_ ^	^	^	^	^
Community	···									

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

				Tal	ole 9								
Programme	Discipline Specific Elective												
Outcomes	DSE1	DSE2	DSE3	DSE4	DSE5	DSE6	DSE7	DSE8	DSE9	DSE10			
	HIC	DM	ESW	SD	NPF	CG	Dissertation	SWM P	CSR	SWDrx			
		•		Societal	Aptitude	<u> </u>	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
9.1			***************************************						_				
Moral, Ethical & Cultural Issues	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X -			
9.2 UnderstandingSocial Issues,	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	х	х	Х	x			
Problems & Fields 9.3													
9.3 Cooperation, Collaboration & Participation	х	х	Х	X		x		х	х	x			
9.4 Ecological & Sustainable Development		х	Х	TO A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT		Х			Х				
9.5 Professional & Social Responsibility	Х	Х	Х		Х	х		х	х	x			
9.6 Community Welfare & SocialWellbeing	X	х	Х	х		Х	х	х	х	x			

'X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

		Tab	le 10				
Programme Outcomes			Field	Work Pra	cticum		
	FW 1	FW2	FW3	FW4	FW5	FW6	FW7
	FWP 1	FWP 2	FWP 3	FWP 4	FWP 5	FWP 6	REC
		Academi	c Aptitude				
10.1							
Understanding of Concept,	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X
Nature and Importance		****					
10.2	37			v	V	v	
Theoretical Understanding	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х
10.3							
Professional Knowledge &	Х	X	X	Х	X	X	Х
Attitude				:			
10.4	•						
Knowledge of Programme	X	X	x	x	x	X	х
Media & Information	Λ	^	^	_ ^	^	^	•
Literacy							
10.5							
Understanding of	37				V	v	Х
Individual/Group/Community	Х	X	X	Х	X	X	X
Issues							
10.6						-	
Application of Scientific	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Knowledge & Skills							
10.7							
Critical Evaluation Social	Х	X	X	х	Х	X	Х
Work Theory and Practice							

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

	FW 1											
Programme	Field Work Practicum FW 1											
Outcomes	FW 1	FW2	FW3	FW4	FW5	FW6	FW7					
	FWP 1					FWP 6	REC					
		Perso	nal and Profe	ssional Aptitu	de							
11.1					ļ							
Understanding Self&	v	v	v	v	v	v	V					
Self Guiding	^	Χ	^	^	, A	A	^ (
Principles							• • •					
11.2							_					
Ability to Develop		X	X	X	X	Х	X ·					
Professional Skills												
11.3												
Ethical & Psycho-		X	X	X	X	X	X					
Social Sensibility						+	_					
11.4							_					
Application of Social	v	37	37	N.		37	. v ~					
Work Skills	X	X	X	X	X	X	X C					
& Techniques												
11.5												
Ability to Work With							·					
Individual, Group &	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X					
Community												

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

			Table				
Programme			F	ield Work Pra	cticum		
Outcomes	FW 1	FW2	FW3	FW4	FW5	FW6	FW7
	FWP 1	FWP 2	FWP 3	FWP 4	FWP 5	FWP 6	REC
			Societal A	ptitude			
12.1							
Moral, Ethical &	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X
Cultural Issues			-				
12.2							
Understanding		4,		77			,,
Social Issues,		X	X	X	X	X	X
Problems & Fields							
12.3							
Cooperation,							
Collaboration &		X	X	X	X	Х	X
Participation							
12.4			7				
Ecological &							
Sustainable		Χ					X
Development	·						
12.5							
Professional &							
Social Responsibility	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х
	Varioti						
12.6							
Community Welfare&		X	x	X	X	x	X
Social Wellbeing		~ ~					
Social Wellbeilig	<u> </u>						

^{&#}x27;X' denotes yes outcomes of the course.

6.1 Course Learning Outcomes

The programme learning outcomes are attained by learners through the essential learning acquired on completion of opted courses of study within a programme. The term 'course' is used to mean the individual courses of study that makes up the scheme of study for a programme. Course learning outcomes are specific to the learning for a given course of study related to a disciplinary or interdisciplinary/multi-disciplinary area. Some programmes of study are highly structured, with a closely laid down progression of compulsory/core courses to be taken at particular phases/stages of learning. Some programmes allow learners much more freedom to take a combination of courses of study according to the preferences of individual student.

Course-level learning outcomes are aligned to programme learning outcomes. Course-level learning outcomes are specific to a course of study within a given programme of study. The achievement by students of course-level learning outcomes leads to the attainment of the programme learning outcomes. Each course has these learning outcomes detailed.

The format of the LOCF Social Work curriculum includes the following:

- 1. **Core Course (CC)**: Every semester consists of Core Course/s which is to be compulsorily studied by a student as a core requirement to complete the programme in social work discipline.
- 2. Generic Elective Course (GEC): A Generic Elective course focuses on those courses which add generic proficiency to the students. An elective may be 'Discipline Centric' or an 'Open Elective.' The latter may be chosen from an unrelated discipline and gives flexibility to the departments to select in the University.
 - 3. Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC): In the CBCS scheme of this undergraduate programme, the students are mandatorily required to choose two subjects of their liking for additional knowledge and building their competencies outside their main subjects of study. These subjects termed as AECC consist of the courses in Communicative English and another on Social Work and Media and Information Literacy. The latter includes study conventional and contemporary media to be used in working with communities.
 - 4. **Skill Enhancement Course (SEC):** The social work stream offers skill enhancement courses that help the students to enhance their knowledge and develop their skills for getting employment or for self-employment related to social welfare, development and allied

areas. The two new papers in the LOCF curriculum are (i) Programme Media and its application, and (ii) Skill Development and Entrepreneurship.

- 5. Discipline Specific Elective (DSE): Students will have to opt for DSEs that will equip them with practical knowledge. These DSE courses are value addition to the students of social work in strengthening their knowledge and skills and in doing so beable to follow their interest. One DSE course is on writing of a dissertation in Semester Six and to give an experience of hands-on learn of the techniques and skills of research. The other three DSE courses (two in Semester V and One in Semester VI) give the student the choice to pick from a basket. These clusters are furthering their knowledge of streams of social work practice and therefore help them pursue their individual learning needs.
- 6. Field Work Practice (FWP): Concurrent fieldwork placement aims at on going learning through integration of theoretical constructs into practice which pro vides an opportunity to develop intervention skills in real life situations. In structuring the field work, the essence of learning has been of making it incremental over the six semesters. The first semester has now a theory paper on field work which includes self awareness, ethics of practice, report writing, and skills and techniques. It is considered that a theory paper will develop a deeper understanding among the students of importance of field work and make them ready for working in agency/community. The Semester 2 also has a different format with observation visits to different settings of Social Work practice. Programme media workshops will develop their skills for practice in settings in forthcoming semesters.
- 7. Rural Educational Camp (REC): The 8-10 day camp will acquaint the students with rural and tribal scenario and their socio-economic aspects. They will in this manner get familiarized with group dynamics and power structures in a rural Community, learn rapport formation, situational analysis and awareness generation, and develop attitudes helpful for effective team work. The camp trains students in the art of organizing and managing activities and events relating to camp.
 - 8. **Dissertation:** In Semester Six of the programme, the students will be required to work on a dissertation apart from their theory and fieldwork courses. The topic for the dissertation will be decided in consultation with the concerned faculty supervisor on anyrelevant and contemporary social issue or social problem. It will give them anopportunity to develop their research skills.

Bachelor of Social Work (BSW) SEMESTER 1

BSW C1 Foundations for Social Work	
Number of Theory Credits Number of lecture hours / Semester	
4	56

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
1. To understand history and evolution of social work profession, both in India and the West 2. To develop insights into the origin and development of ideologies and approaches to social change 3. To develop Skills to understand contemporary reality in its historical context	1. Lecture 2. Assignment 3. Individual and Group Presentation	1. Able to understand social work as a profession 2. Able to understand various ideologies of social work 3. Able to demonstrate awareness of values and ethics of the social work profession.	A. Summative Assessment: 60 marks B. Formative Assessment: 40Marks.

Content of Course	Hrs
Unit -I An Introduction to Social Work	15
Chapter No. 1: Social Work: Concept, Meaning, Definitions, Objectives, Goals and Functions, Introduction to the methods of Social Work. Chapter No. 2: Social Work: Nature and Philosophy: Democratic, Humanitarian, Herbert Bisno's Philosophy Chapter No. 3 Historical development of Social Work in UK, USA, India and Karnataka Chapter No. 4: Emergence of Social Work Education in India and Karnataka	

Unit – II Principles, Values and Ethics of Social Work	13
Chapter No. 5: Principles of Social Work	
Chapter No. 6: Guiding Principles of Social Work and their applications in	
diversesocio-cultural settings	
Chapter No. 7: Assumptions, Values and Code of Ethics (NASW) of Social	
Work	
Chapter No. 8: Professional v/s Voluntary Approaches to Social Work	
Unit – III Social Work Profession in India	12
Chapter No. 9: Profession: Meaning, Definitions and Attributes	
Chapter No.10: Professionalization of Social Work in Indian Scenario	
Chapter No. 11: Social Work Profession: Issues and Challenges	
Chapter No. 12: Perspectives of Social Work Profession in Indian context	
Unit – IV Approaches, Ideologies and Fields of Social Work	16
Chapter No. 13: Social Work and its Relation to Human Rights and Social	
Justice	
Chapter No. 14: Ideology of Action Groups and Social Movements	
Chapter No. 15: Contemporary ideologies of Social Work and Social	
Change	
Chapter No. 16: Fields of Social Work - Community Development,	
Correctional Settings, Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, Family,	
Women and Child centered Social Work, Industrial Social Work, Social	
Work with Marginalized Sections of the Society	

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The Audiopedia (2017), What is SOCIAL WORK? What does SOCIAL WORK mean? SOCIAL WORK meaning, definition and explanation: Available athttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xj5-Vdh1B3E

USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work (2017), Legacies of Social Change. 100 years of Professional Social Work in the United States: Available at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a4VzRSnksmA

Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group Discussion/Presentation.

Formative Assessment: 40		
Assessment Occasion/ Weightage in Marks type		
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10	
Assignment/Case Studies	10	
Seminar	05	
Attendance	05	
Total	40	

BSW C2 Social Science Concepts and Social Work	
Number of Theory Credits Number of lecture hours / sem	
4	56

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Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
1. To understand basic sociological concepts and notions of society 2. To know the basic concepts of economics and structure of economy 3. To understand the political framework for social welfare	Lecture Assignment Individual and Group Presentation	1. Able to understand the basic sociological concepts and notions of society 2. Able to know the basic concept of economics and structure of economy 3. Able to explore the knowledge about political framework in the context of social welfare	A. Summative Assessment: 60 marks B. Formative Assessment: 40Marks.

Content of Course	
Unit – I Introduction to Sociological Concepts	
Chapter No. 1: Society: Meaning and Definition, Man and Society and their Relationships, Social Stratifications: Meaning and Nature; Caste, Class, Gender, Power and Authority Chapter No. 2: Social Values, Norms, Customs, Mores and Culture, Social	
Institutions: Family, Marriage, Religion, Education Chapter No. 3: Social Process and Social Change: Concept, Nature, Types, Importance, Characteristics and Factors of Social Change.	
Chapter No.4: Social Control and Socialization: Meaning, Nature, Social Deviance and Social Control, formal and informal; Concepts, Factors, Process and Importance of Socialization.	
Unit – II Psychology and Social Work Chapter No. 5: Psychology: Meaning, Definitions, Nature, Scope and Importance	12
Chapter No. 6: Introductory concepts: Perception, Learning, Motivation, Emotions, Memory Chapter No. 7: Personality: Meaning, Definitions, Characteristics, Types,	
Factors and Skills	

Chapter No. 8: Understanding Human Behavior: Introduction, Stages of	
Human development, Heredity & Environment	
Unit – III Knowledge of Economics and Political Science for Social	16
Workers	
Chapter No. 9: Economic System: Capitalist, Socialist and Mixed Economy,	
Micro and Macro: Micro: Implications of Budgeting at Domestic Level -	
HouseholdBudgeting, Income, Expenditure, Savings and Debts	
Macro: GDP, National Income, Inflation, Deflation and other related areas.	
Chapter No. 10: Banking and Public Finance: Self Help Groups (SHG's),	
Rural Banks, Co-operative Societies, Medium Small Micro Enterprise (MSME)	
Chapter No. 11: State: Origin, Concept and its Organs, Concept of Welfare	
State	
Chapter No. 12: Indian Constitution and its Salient Features, Fundamental	
Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy	
Unit – IV Introduction to Anthropological Concepts	12
Chapter No. 13: Meaning, Definition, Concept, Importance and Scope of	
Anthropology Chapter No. 14: Main branches of Anthropology and its	
relationship with Social Work Chapter No.15: Importance of Socio Cultural	
Anthropology: Tribes-Meaning, Definition,	
and Characteristics.	
Chapter No. 16: Various Tribes, its Culture and Development in India	

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https://www.advocatesforyouth.org/issue/growth-and-development/

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Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) for Bachelor of Social Work(BSW) (2019), https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/1366718_Social_Work.pdf

Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10	
Assignment/Case Studies	10	
Seminar	05	
Attendance	05	

	Total	40
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BSW C3-Field Work Practice 1

Course Title	Social Work Practicum -1	Course Credits	4
Total Contact Hours	16 Hours per week (25 Fieldwork Visits)	Duration of ESA	Viva-voce
Formative Assessment Marks	50	Summative Assessment Marks	50

Course Objectives	Pedagogy	Course Outcomes	Course Assessment
To understand the basics	Lecture, Practical	Able to understand the concept of	Semester end examination
of fieldwork, concept of self	exposure,	field work education to develop	Viva Voce: 60 marks
and field work andthe	Fieldwork	selfawareness	Internal Assessment:40
professional role ofsocial	Training,	Able to develop skills in field	marks
workers.	!	work report writing, record of the	
To critically understand and		observation visits and engage in	
Appreciate Programmes and		meaningful discussions during	TO THE PARTY OF TH
		group interactions	
and non-governmental		Able to understand Programmes	
organizations.	,	and projects ofgovernmental and	
-		nongovernmental organization	
To enhance importance of			
skills inreport writing and			
documentation			

Field Work Contents (Tasks /Activities)

Field work practicum of First Semester comprises two components:

 Orientätion Lecture Orientation Visits

Orientation Lectures: There shall be a minimum of 10 orientation lecture in the First semester Field work Practicum. This will focus on preparing the students about the field work, concept, definitions, purpose and components, understanding self-awareness and self-management, time management, goal setting, field work practice and ethics, fieldwork record and writing skills and techniques like rapport building, observation and analysis, advocacy, and networking with individual, group and community.

Orientation Visits: There shall be minimum 20 orientation visits in a semester to provide an exposure to and understanding of the services provided in responses to people's needs to governmental and non-governmental organization highlighting the role of social work profession (i.e. agencies in health setting, education, community, institutional and Non-institutional services, criminal justice system, civic administration,

rehabilitation, Local bodies, etc.).

Soon after the completion of "orientation visits to fields of social work", a student shall be conducted to share the orientation visit experiences and learning. The students shall record their experiences and leanings of Orientation Visits, which they are expected to produce at the time of viva-voce examination conducted at the end of the semester.

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- The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda (2019), https://www.msubaroda.ac.in/asset/storage/admission/FSW_Prospectu s 2019.pdf
- Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) for Bachelor of Social Work (BSW)(2019), https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/1366718 Social Work.pdf

OE-1 Fields of Social Work Practice		
Number of Theory Credits Number of lecture hours/semester		
3 52		

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
1. To understand Of the fields of social work 2. To know the different settings of social work 3. To understand the Competencies required to work in different settings of social work.	Lecture Assignment Individual and Group Presentation	1. Able to understand the fields of social work 2. Able to know the Different settings of field work 3. Able to explore the competencies required to work in different fields of social work,	A. Summative Assessment: 60 marks B. Formative Assessment: 40Marks.

Content of Course 4	Hrs
Unit – I Fundamentals of Social Work	12
Chapter No. 1: Meaning, Concept, Definitions, Nature and Scope of Social Work Chapter No. 2: Methods of Social work	
Chapter No. 3: Values and Ethics of Social Work Chapter No. 4: Principles, Skills and Techniques of Social Work Chapter No 5: Professional attributes for Professional Social Workers	
Unit – II Social Work with Communities	
Chapter No 6: Concept of Community and Community Development Chapter No 7: Types of Community; Rural, Urban and Tribal community	
Chapter No 8: Implications for Social Work practice in the Communities; Services for Marginalized, Youth, Elderly, Women and Children Chapter No 9: Competencies required for Community Worker	
Unit – III Social Work in School Setting	12

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Chapter No. 10: Concept and meaning of School Social Work, Problems of children in schools	
Chapter No. 11: Implications for Social work intervention; children with physical,	
learning, and emotional problems. School dropout, Working with teachers,	
administrators, and other professionals	
Chapter No. 12: Skill and Competencies required for School Social Worker.	
Unit - IV Social Work in Hospital, Industrial and Correctional Setting	16
Chapter No. 13: Social Work in Hospital Setting: An introduction to Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, Hospitals: Types, Structure, and Functions.	
Chapter No. 14: Areas of Social Work intervention; Working with Healthcare Teams, Patients, Care Takers, Caregivers, Para-Medical Staff, and Hospital Administration and Skills and Competencies required for Social Workersin Health Settings	
Chapter No. 15: Social Work in Industrial Setting: Introduction to Industrial Social Work, Problems of Employees; Adjustment, Emotional and Mental Health	
issues.	
Chapter No. 16: Implications for Social work practice: Employees,	
Management and unions, Skills and Competencies for Industrial Social Worker.	
Chapter No. 17: Correctional Setting: Children in Conflict with Law,	
Observation Homes, Role of Social Workers (Probationary Officer)	

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 Fields of Social Work Practice. Banglore: Baraha Publisher.
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https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a4VzRSnksmA

Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40			
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks		
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10		
Assignment/Case Studies	10		
Seminar	05		
Attendance	05		
Total	40		

SEC 01 Digital Skills for Social Work Practice

Number of Theory Credits

Number of lecture hours/semester

2
30

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
1. To understand the importance of technology in social work 2 .To practice the digital skill s	1. Lecture 2. Assignment 3. Individual and Group Presentation	1. Able to understand the importance of digital skill 2. Can apply digital skills in social work practice.	A. Summative Assessment: 30 marks B. Formative Assessment: 20Marks.

Content of Course	
Unit – I Introduction to Technology	10
Chapter No. 1: Meaning of Technology, Importance of Technology in Social Work Practice.	
Chapter No. 2: Usage of Technology in Social Work Practice, Training Social Workers about the Use of Technology in Practice: Best Practices, Technology mediated interventions, Ethical Risks.	
Chapter No. 3: Internet and Communication: Effective usage of Internet: Email — Gmail, Outlook, Usage of Social Media for Social Campaign: Facebook, Youtube, Linked In, Instagram, Pinterest.	
Unit - II Usage of Digital Technology in the Various Practicing Fields of SocialWork	

10

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Laurel et.al., (2019), Teaching Social Work with Digital Technology, CSWE Press Godfred Boahen (2020), COVID-19: Using Digital Technology in Relationship-Based Practice to Bridge the Gap in Social Distancing, Social care institute for excellence, https://www.scie.org.uk/social-work/digital-capabilities/blogs/covid-digital-echnology

John Hughes (2020), Zoom vs Microsoft Teams vs Google Meet: Top Video Conferencing Apps Compared, codinwp,

https://www.codeinwp.com/blog/zoom-vs-microsoft-teams-vs-google-meet/ Frederic G. (2019), Social Work Education in a Digital World: Technology Standards for Education and Practice, Journal of Social Work Education, 55(2):1-13

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Digital Technology and Social Work: https://www.basw.co.uk/digital-technology-and-social-work-webinar 4 Ways to Use Digital Tools to Engage Clients https://www.socialwork.career/2014/02/4- ways-to-use-digital-tools-to-engage-clients.html

Hong Zhu &Synnøve T(202·1) Andersen Digital competence in social work practice and education: experiences from Norway:

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/2156857X.2021.189996

Digital capabilities for social workers: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ft6kW-

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Social work practice with digital communication technologies: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Oja8V5GcoTk

Digital technologies for social inclusion:

https://www.un.org/development/desa/dspd/2021/02/digital-technologies-for-social- inclusion- 2/

Digital Capabilities for Social Workers: https://www.scie.org.uk/social-work/digital-capabilities/resources/social-workers

A Review of the New Standards for Technology in Social Work Practice https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gj8hjvikp44

Future is Bright for AI and Social Work https://www.cais.usc.edu/news/future-is-bright-for-ai-and-social- work

Make Time for What Matters Part 2: Using Technology to Improve Efficiency and Developing Strong Relationships

https://schoolsocialwork.net/make-time-for-what-matters-part-2-using- technology-to- improve-efficiency-and-developing-strong-relationships/

Pedagogy: Lecture and Lab, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 20		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Written Tests (1)	10	
Assignment/ Seminar	05	
Attendance	05	
Total	20	

SEC (Value Based)-01 Health and Wellness

Course Title	SEC (Value Based) - 1 Health and Wellness	Course Credits	1
Total Contact Hours	30 Hours	Duration of ESA	1 ½ Hours

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning	Learning Outcomes	Course
	Process		Evaluation
1. o introduce the fundamental concepts of physical education, healthand wellness. 2. To provide a general understanding on nutrition, first aid and stress management. 3. To familiarize the students regarding yoga and other activities for developing wellness. 4. To create awareness regarding hypo-kinetic diseases, and various measures of health and wellness assessment.	Lecture, Assignment/ Seminar, Individual and Group, Discussion/ Presentation/ health related activities	1.Understand the importance of Health and wellness 2.Help individual groups and community to maintain sound health and overcome life style and other deceases	Semester endExamination: 35Marks Internal Assessment:15 Marks

SEC (Value Based)-01 Health and Wellness

Unit – I Introduction to Health and Wellness	30 Hrs
Chapter No. 01 Defining Health and Wellness, Personal Health Assessment, Factors Contributing to Health Behavior Change. Dimensions of health and wellness	10
Chapter No.02 Relationship between lifestyle and health. Physiological and psychological bases of stress. Key components of fitness.	
Unit-II: Ways to achieve and maintain ideal body composition	10
Influential Factors for Ideal Body Composition	
Chapter No.03 Risk factors and risk reduction strategies associated with the major communicable and non-communicable disease and threats to health and well-being. Influences of psycho-social, economic, physical, hereditary, race, gender, and culture on health. Bio-psycho-social model	
Unit - III Lifestyle Discase and its Management	10
Chapter No. 04: Lifestyle/Hypo-kinetic Diseases and its Management - Diabetes - Hypertension - Obesity - Osteoporosis - CHD - Back pain Health related Physical Fitness and Assessment Body mass Index/Skin fold Measurement, BMR, Pulse Rate, Blood Pressure, Health Related Physical Fitness Test.	

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Healthcare Education https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ew_A4_nBugQ

National Health policies and programmes- For NTA UGC NET social work

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VeKFo9x ZyQ

Role of Hospital Social Workers https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kCcyUv-XIY4 Social Work and the Health Care System

https://socialsci.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Social_Work_and_Human_Services/Introduction_

to_Social_Work_(Gladden_et_al.)/01%3A_Chapters/1.09%3A_Social Work and_the_Health Care System

Pedagogy: Lecture and Lab, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 20		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Written Tests (1)	10	
Assignment/ Seminar	05	
Attendance	05	
Total	20	

SEMESTER II

BSW C4: Social Case Work		
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	
4	56	

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
1. To understand the individual, family and their problems and the social contextual factors affecting them 2. To understand Social Casework as a method of Social Work practice 3. To gain knowledge about the basic concepts, tools, techniques, processes and Skills of working with individuals 4. To develop an understanding of application of case work in diverse settings	1. Lecture 2. Assignment 3. Individual and Group Presentation	1. Able to demonstrate familiarity with Casework processes, tools and techniques and their application in Professional Social Work Practice. 2. Able to develop skills of Observation, Listening, Interviewing and Home Visits, Rapport Building, Resource Mobilization and Recording.	A. Summative Assessment: 60 marks B. Formative Assessment: 40Marks.

Content of Course	Hrs
Unit – I Introduction to Social Case Work	14
Chapter No. 1: Social Case Work: Concept, Nature, Scope, Objectives and Importance	
Chapter No. 2: Historical Development of Social Casework	
Chapter No. 3: Individual: Nature and Needs	
Chapter No. 4: Problems Faced by Individuals and Families	
Unit – II Components, Principles and Process of Social Case Work	14
Chapter No. 5: Components of Social Case Work (Person, Problem, Place, and Process)	
Chapter No. 6: Principles of Social Case Work	
Chapter No. 7: Process of Social Work: Intake, Psycho-social study, Psycho-Social Assessment/ Social Diagnosis, Treatment/Intervention, Evaluation, Termination and Follow up	
Chapter No. 8: Concept of Social Role, Functions and Coping Mechanisms	
Unit - III Tools, Techniques and Skills of Social Casework	12
Chapter No. 9: Casework Relationship, Use of Authority and Advocacy	
Chapter No. 10: Communication skills, Observation, Listening, Interviewing and HomeVisits	
Chapter No. 11: Rapport Building and Resource Mobilization	
Chapter No. 12: Recording in Social Casework	
Unit - IV Approaches and Practice of Social Casework	16
Chapter No. 13: Task Centered Approach	
Chapter No. 14: Social Psychological Approach	
Chapter No. 15: Problem Solving Approach and Integrated approach	
Chapter No. 16: Casework Practice in different settings: Medical, School, Elderlycare Homes, Correctional, and Rehabilitation Centres.	

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Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10	
Assignment/Case Studies	10	
Seminar	05	
Attendance	05	
Total	40	

BSW C5: Social Group Work		
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	
4	56	

Course Objectives	Teaching	Learning	Course
	Learning Process	Outcomes	Evaluation
1. To understand	1. Lecture	1. Able to	A. Summative
the nature and	2. Assignment	demonstrate	Assessment: 60
types of groups	3. Individual and	familiarity with	marks
2. To understand	Group	Group	B. Formative
Social Group	Presentation	Work processes,	Assessment:
Work as a method		tools	40Marks.
of Social		and techniques and	
Work practice		their application in	
3. To know the		Professional Social	
basic concepts,		Work Practice	
tools, techniques,		2. Able to develop	
processes		skills of	
and Skills of		Facilitation,	
working with		Analytical	
groups		Thinking,	
4. To develop an		Leadership	,
understanding		Building,	
of process of group		Programme	
development and		Planning,	
group		Evaluation and	
dynamics		using	
5. To develop an		Programme Media	****
understanding		in	
of application of		groups	
group work in			
diverse settings			

Content of Course	Hrs
Unit – I Introduction to Social Group Work	14
Chapter No. 1: 1. Social Groups: Meaning, Characteristics and Importance.	2
Chapter No. 2: Types of Groups: Primary and Secondary, Open and Closed, Formal and Informal	
Chapter No. 3: Evolution of Social Group Work	
Chapter No. 4: Values of Social Group Work	
Unit – II Social Group Work and its Practice	14
Chapter No. 5: Assumptions and Objectives of Social Group Work	
Chapter No. 6: Models of Social Group Work Practice	
Chapter No. 7: Application of Social Group Work with Different Groups: Children, Adolescents, Older Persons, Women and Persons with Disability	
,	
Chapter No. 8: Areas of Social Group Work Practice in Different Settings	
Unit - III Group Process and Dynamics	12
Chapter No. 9: Stages of Group Development	
Chapter No. 10: Group Dynamics	
Chapter No. 11: Principles of Social Group Work Chapter No. 12: Social Group Work Process: Facilitation, Role of Group worker, Leadership and Decision Making	
Unit - IV Skills and Techniques of Social Group Work Practice	16
Chapter No. 13: Social Group Work Skills: Facilitation, Analytical Thinking and Leadership Building	
Chapter No. 14: Programme Planning and Evaluation	
Chapter No. 15: Use of Programme Media Chapter No. 16: Group Discussion, Group Counselling, Group Decision Making, and Recording in Group	The state of the s
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BSW C6 – Field work Practice 2

Course Title	Social Work Practicum -2	Course Credits	4	
Total Contact Hours	16 Hours per week (25 Fieldwork Visits)	Duration of ESA	Viva voce	
Formative Assessment Marks	50	Summative Assessment Marks	50	

Course Objectives	Pedagogy	Course Outcomes	Course Assessment
workers. To critically understand and Appreciate Programmes and projects of governmental and	,	Able to understand the concept of field work education to develop selfawareness. Able to develop skills in field work report writing, record of the observation visits and engage in meaningful discussions during group interactions Able to understand Programmes and projects of governmental and nongovernmental organization	Semester end examination- Viva Voce: 50 marks Internal Assessment:50 marks

Field Work Contents (Tasks /Activities)

Field work practicum of Second Semester comprises Concurrent field work

Concurrent Field Work: The broad aim of concurrent filed work practicum is to provide opportunities for applying the knowledge and the information gained in the classroom to reality situations. This learning experience should provide an opportunity of working with communities, groups, individuals/families and managing organization tasks. It is an opportunity to develop intervention skills in reality situations. This entails learning social work practice for two days (16 hours) in every week of the semester.

The student shall complete a minimum of 26 days of visits in a semester. The learners shall be placed in agencies/community to initiate and participate in direct service delivery. Submission of reports to their allotted respective faculty supervisors.

The faculty supervisors through periodic Individual conferences and Group conferences shall assist students to prepare a plan of action for the respective semester field work activities in consultation with agency supervisors.

Workload: Ratio of Teachers and Students for Social Work practicum shall be 1:8

Note: * In concurrent Field Work Programme, every student has to undergo 16 hours of Field Work Practicum per week. Two hours of Field Work Practicum is carried out by the students is equated to one hour of theory classes conducted in the Community/Agency / Institution setting (16 hours of Field Work i.e. two hours = 1 hour theory class). (16/2 = 8 Hrs. the work load for the Field work practicum shall be considered as 1: 8 The Ratio of one teacher shall has batch of 8 students) (Each teacher has to spend 1 hour per student. i.e. 8 students = 8 hours per week). As per UGC Model Curriculum for Social Work Education [2001, p. 14].

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OE-02: Social Work Concerns for Women and Child Development

Number of Theory Credits Number of Lecture hours/semester		Number of Practical Credits	Number of Practical hours/Semester	
3	52	-	-	

Course Objectives	Pedagogy	Course Outcomes	Course Assessment	requisite	Concurre nt Course
 To understand Social Work concerns for Women Development. To understand Social Work concerns for child Development To enhance social work practice with women and child development 	Lecture, Practical exposure, Fieldwork Training, Concurrent Fieldwork to various Agencies	Able to understand Social Work Concerns for women and child development.	Semester end examination-Viva Voce: 60 marks Internal Assessment:40 marks		

Content of Course	Hrs
Unit – I Social Construction of Gender .	
Chapter No.01: Status of Women in India, Factors affecting Women Status Chapter No.02: concept of Sex and Gender, Gender Discrimination, Gender Stereotyping,	
Chapter No 03: Gender: Roles and Perspective	
Chapter No.04: Contemporary Issues of Women	
Unit - II Problems and Issues Related to Female Children and Women in India	13.
Chapter No.05: Female Foeticide, Female Infanticide, Sex Ratio, Child Marriage	
Chapter No.06: Women and Children in difficult circumstances.	
Chapter No.07: Domestic workers: issues and concerns.	
Chapter No.08: Problem of Elderly Women: Need for social work intervention	
Unit - III Social Work and Women Empowerment	13
Chapter No.09: Women Empowerment: Concept and meaning	
Chapter No.10: Women Empowerment: Education, Social, Economic and Political empowerment.	
Chapter No.11: Government Welfare Programmes and Schemes for Women Empowerment in Karnataka	
Chapter No.12: Reception Centre, Adoption Centers, State Home for Women.	
Chapter No. 13: Functions and Responsibilities of State Commission for Women, Karnataka State Women Development Corporation (KSWDC)	

Chapter No.09: Women Empowerment: Concept and meaning	
Chapter No.10: Women Empowerment: Education, Social, Economic and Political empowerment.	
Chapter No.11: Government Welfare Programmes and Schemes for Women Empowerment in Karnataka	
Chapter No.12: Reception Centre, Adoption Centers, State Home for Women.	
Chapter No. 13: Functions and Responsibilities of State Commission for Women, Karnataka State Women Development Corporation (KSWDC)	
Unit - IV Problems of Children and Child Protection System	1
Chapter No. 14: Problems of Children: Concept, Bio Psychosocial needs, and problems of	
Children. Chapter No. 15: Child Care and protective Services, Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC)	
Chapter No. 16: Ministry of Women and Child Development: National Commission for women	

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Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/ Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40				
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks			
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10			
Assignment/Case Studies	10			
Seminar	05			
Attendance	05			
Total	40			

DAVANGERE UNIVERSITY

B.S.W. Course

Pattern for Internal Assessment

Assignment Occasion/type	Weightage in Marks
Written Tests (2)	10+10
Assignment/Case Studies	10
Seminar	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

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Question Paper Pattern

		B.S.W Course		
	Title of the Paper:			
	Duration: 180 minutes		Max. Ma	rks:60
		SECTION-A		
	Answer any Five of the following question	ons.	(5 X 5	5= 25)
	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
<i>)</i> .	4.			
	5.			
	6.			
	7.			(2 X 10= 20)
	8			
		SECTION-B		
	Answer any Two of the following question	ons.	(2 X 10	= 20)
	9.			
	10.	***		
	11.			
	12.			
		SECTION-C		
			V4 XV 4.8	4.50
	Answer any One of the following question	ns.	(1 X 15	= 15)
	13.		1	
	14.		1/2	
			M. U.	

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MSW Course (One year course after four years BSW Degree)

Pattern for Internal Assessment

Assignment Occasion/type	Weightage in Marks
Written Tests (2)	10 +10
Assignment/Case Studies	10
Seminar	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

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Question Paper Pattern

M.S.W Course (One year course after I	Four years BSW Degree)
Title of the Paper:	
Duration: 180 minutes	Max. Marks: 60
SECTION-A	
Answer any Five of the following questions.	(5 X 5= 25)
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
SECTION-B	
Answer any Two of the following questions.	(2 X 10= 20)
9.	
10.	
11.	
12.	
	•
SECTION-C	
Answer any One of the following questions.	(1 X 15= 15)
13.	
14.	19. U. 1
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BA Social Work

II B M	Model Program Structure for Under Gra				ges in Karn	ataka	Skill E	nhancement Course	s (SEC)
	(DSC A: Social Work Ma	l Work with Any Min ijor Subjects and DS							
Sem	Discipline Specific Courses (DSC)	Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)/ Open Elective (OE)	Langua ge	AEC	Skill Enhance ment Courses (SEC)		Skill based (Credits) (L+T+P)	Value based (Credits) (L+T+P)	Total
		,			Skill Based	Value Based	0)		
I	DSC-A1: Foundations for Social Work (3) DSC-A2: Social Sciences Perspectives for Social Work (3) DSC-B1: (3) DSC-B2: (3)	OE-1: Fields of Social Work practice(3)	L1 (3) L2 (3)		SEC-1 Digital Skills for SWP(2)		Physical Education- yoga (1)(0+0+2)	Health & Wellness/ Social & Emotional Learning (2) (1+0+2)	25
II	DSC-A3: Social Case Work (3) DSC-A4: Dynamics of Human Behavior (3) DSC-B3: (3) DSC-B4: (3)	OE-2:Social Work Concerns for Women and Child Development (3)	L1 (3) L2 (3)	AEC Environ mental Studies (2)			Physical Education- Sports (1)(0+0+2)	NCC/NSS/R& R (S&G) Cultural (1)(0+0+2)	25
0.7000 0.00		Exit Options v	vith Certif	icate in BSV	V (48 Credit	s)	<u> </u>		

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Semester –I

Title of the Course: Foundations of Social Work

DSC-A1 Foundations of Social Wo	ork
Number of Theory Credits	Number of Lecture hours/ Semester
3	45

Content of Course 1	45 Hrs
Unit -I An Introduction to Social Work	10
Chapter No. 1 Social Work: Concept, Meaning, Definitions, Objectives, Goals and Functions	
Chapter No. 2 Social Work: Nature and Philosophy: Democratic, Humanitarian, Herbert Bisno's Philosophy	•
Chapter No. 3 Historical development of Social Work in UK, USA, India and Karnataka	<u> </u>
Chapter No. 4 Emergence of Social Work Education in India and Karnataka	ı
Unit – II Principles, Values an Ethics of Social Work	12
Chapter No. 5 Principles of Social Work	12
Chapter No. 6 Guiding Principles of Social Work and their applications in diverse sociocultural settings	
Chapter No. 7 Assumptions and Values and Code of Ethics (NASW) of Social Work	
Chapter No. 8 Social Work and its Relation to Human Rights and Social Justice	
Unit - III Social Work Profession in India	11
Chapter No. 9 Profession: Meaning, Definitions and Attributes	
Chapter No. 10 Professionalization of Social Work in Indian Scenario	
Chapter No. 11 Social Work Profession: Issues and Challenges	
Chapter No. 12 Perspectives of Social Work Profession in Indian context	
Unit-IV Approaches, Ideologies and Fields of Social Work	12
Chapter No. 13 Professional v/s Voluntary Approaches to Social Work	
Chapter No. 14 Ideology of Action Groups and Social Movements	
Chapter No. 15 Contemporary ideologies of Social Work and Social Change	
Chapter No. 16 Fields of Social Work: Community Development, Correctional Settings, Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, Family, Women and Child centered Social Work, Industrial Social Work, Social Work with Marginalized Sections of the Society	

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Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group Discussion/Presentation.

Formative Assessment: 40			
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks,		
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10		
Assignment/Case Studies	10		
Seminar	05		
Attendance	05		
Total	40		

BA Social Work Semester-I

COURSE 2 - SOCIAL SCIENCE PERSPECTIVES FOR SOCIAL WORK

DSC – A2 Social Science Perspectives For Social Work	
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours / semester
3	45

Content of Course 2	45 Hrs
Unit – I Introduction to Sociological Concepts	
Chapter No. 1 Society, Man and Society and their Relationships, Social Stratifications: Meaning and Nature; Caste, Class, Gender, Power and Authority Chapter No. 2 Social Values, Norms, Customs, Mores and Culture, Social	
Institutions: Family, Marriage, Religion, Education	
Chapter No. 3 Social Process and Social Change: Concept, Nature, Types, Importance, Characteristics and Factors of Social Change.	
Chapter No.4 Social Control and Socialization: Meaning, Nature, Social Deviance and Social Control, formal and informal; Basic Aspects, Factors, Process and Importance of Socialization.	
Unit – II Psychology and Social Work	
Chapter No. 5 Psychology: Meaning, Definitions, Nature, Scope and Importance	
Chapter No. 6 Introductory concepts: Perception, Learning, Motivation, Emotions, Memory	
Chapter No. 7 Personality: Meaning, Definitions, Characteristics, Types, Factors and Skills	
Chapter No. 8 Understanding Human Behavior: Introduction, Stages of Human development, Heredity & Environment	
Unit – III Knowledge of Economics and Political Science for Social Workers	14 •
Chapter No. 9 Economic System: Capitalist, Socialist and Mixed Economy,	
Micro and Macro: Micro: Implications of Budgeting at Domestic Level – Household Budgeting, Income, Expenditure, Savings and Debts	
Macro: GDP, National Income, Inflation, Deflation and other related areas.	
Chapter No. 10 Banking and Public Finance: Self Help Groups (SHG's), Rural Banks, Co-operative Societies, Medium Small Micro Enterprise (MSME)	
Chapter No. 11 State: Origin, Concept and its Organs, Concept of Welfare State	
Chapter No. 12 Indian Constitution and its Salient Features, Fundamental Rights,	

Directive Principles of State Policy	
Unit – IV Introduction to Anthropological Concepts	10
Chapter No. 13 Meaning, Definition, Concept, Importance and Scope of Anthropology Chapter No. 14 Main branches of Anthropology and its relationship with Social Work	
Chapter No. 15 Importance of Socio Cultural Anthropology: Tribes-Meaning, Definition, and Characteristics. Chapter No. 16 Various Tribes its Culture and Development in India	

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Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) for Bachelor of Social Work (BSW) (2019), https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/1366718 Social Work.pdf

Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10	
Assignment/Case Studies	10	
Seminar	05	
Attendance	′ 05	
Total	40 '	

BA Social Work Semester –I

OE-01 Fields of Social Work Practice

OE-1 Fields of Social Work Practice	
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester
3	45

Content of Course 4	45 Hrs
Unit – I Fundamentals of Social Work	
Chapter No. 1 Meaning, Concept, Definitions, Nature and Scope of Social Work Chapter No. 2 Methods of Social work Chapter No. 3 Values and Ethics of Social Work Chapter No.4 Principles, Skills and Techniques of Social Worker Chapter No 5 Professional attributes for professional Social Workers	
Unit – II Social Work with Communities	12
Chapter No 6 Concept of Community and Community Development Chapter No 7 Types of Community; Rural, Urban and Tribal community Chapter No 8 Areas of Intervention of Social Work in Community; Services for marginalized, youth, ,elderly, Women and children Chapter No 9 Competencies required for community worker	
Unit – III Social Work in School Setting	
Chapter No. 10 Concept of Schools, Problems of children in schools Chapter No. 11 Areas of Social work intervention; children with physical, learning, and emotional problems. School dropout, Working with teachers, administrators, and other professionals Chapter No. 12 Skill and Competencies required for School Worker.	
Unit - IV Social Work in Hospital and Industrial Setting	13
Chapter No. 13 Social Work in Hospital Setting: An introduction to Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, Hospitals: Types, structure, and functions. Chapter No. 14 Areas of Social Work intervention; working with health care teams, patients, care takers, care givers, para-medical staff, and hospital administration and Skills and Competencies required for Social Workers in Health Settings	
Chapter No. 15 Social Work in Industrial Setting: Introductory Elements of Industrial Social Work, Problems of Employees; Adjustment, Emotional and Mental Health issues. Chapter No. 16 Areas of Social work intervention; Employees, Management and unions, Skills and Competencies for Industrial Social Worker.	

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USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work (2017), Legacies of Social Change: 100 Years of Professional Social Work in the United States, Available at

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a4VzRSnksmA

Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40		
Assessment Occasion/ Weightage in Marks		
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10	
Assignment/Case Studies	10	
Seminar	05	
Attendance	05	
Total	40	

BA Social Work Semester –I

SEC - 1 Digital Skill for Social Work Practice

SEC 1 Digital Skill for Social Work Practice		
Number of lecture hours/semester		
30		
-		

Content of Course	30 Hrs
	10
Unit – I Introduction to Technology	
Chapter No. 1 Meaning of Technology, Importance of Technology in Social Work	
Practice. Chapter No. 2 Technology Components: Internet. C.P.U., registers, system bus, main memory unit, cache memory, Inside a computer, SMPS, Motherboard, Ports and Interfaces, expansion cards, ribbon cables, memory chips, processors.	
Chapter No. 3 Internet and Communication: Effective usage of Internet: Email — Gmail, Outlook, Usage of Social Media for Social Campaign: Facebook, Youtube, Linked In, Instagram, Pinterest.	
Unit - II Usage of Digital Technology in the Various Practicing Fields of Social Work	10
Chapter No. 4. Digital Technology in Health Care: Electronic health checks, Health	
Symptom tracking, Health Apps, Electronic Health Records.	
Chapter No. 5. Digital Technology in Psychiatry Social Work Practice: Internet-Based Mental Health Interventions, Using Mobile Apps in Mental Health Practice, Use of Virtual Reality Exposure Therapy for Anxiety- and Trauma-Related Disorders	
Chapter No. 6. Digital Technology in Human Resource Management: HRMIS, Cloud, Payroll Software, Candidate relationship management, Employee assessment software	
Unit – III Digital social work	10
Chapter No. 7 Digital Music and Therapeutic Song for Treatment, Blogging: A Tool for Social Justice, online counseling, telephone counseling, video counseling, cybertherapy (avatar therapy), self-guided web-based interventions, electronic social networks, e-mail, and text messages	
Chapter No. 8 Effective Usage of Digital Technology During Pandemic Situation: Zoor Google Meet, Club House, Microsoft Meet.	n,

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0	References:
0	Laurel et.al., (2019), Teaching Social Work with Digital Technology, CSWE Press Godfred Boahen (2020), COVID-19: Using Digital Technology in Relationship-Based
0	Practice to Bridge the Gap in Social Distancing, Social care institute for excellence, https://www.scie.org.uk/social-work/digital-capabilities/blogs/covid-digital-echnology
\bigcirc	John Hughes (2020), Zoom vs Microsoft Teams vs Google Meet: Top Video
The Marian	Conferencing Apps Compared, codinwp,
	https://www.codeinwp.com/blog/zoom-vs-microsoft-teams-vs-google-meet/ Frederic G.
_	(2019), Social Work Education in a Digital World: Technology Standards for Education
	and Practice, Journal of Social Work Education, 55(2):1-13
\bigcirc	Digital Reference
0	Digital Technology and Social Work https://www.basw.co.uk/digital-technology-and-social-work-webinar
0	4 Ways to Use Digital Tools to Engage Clients https://www.socialwork.career/2014/02/4- ways-to-use-digital-tools-to-engage-
0	clients.html
0	Hong Zhu &Synnøve T(2021) Andersen Digital competence in social work practice and education: experiences from Norway
	https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/2156857X.2021,1899967
***************************************	Digital capabilities for social workers
0	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ft6kW- GMmIE
	Social work practice with digital communication technologies
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Oja8V5GcoTk
0	Digital technologies for social inclusion
	https://www.un.org/development/desa/dspd/2021/02/digital-technologies-for-social-inclusion- 2/
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Digital Capabilities for Social Workers https://www.scie.org.uk/social-work/digital-capabilities/resources/social-workers

A Review of the New Standards for Technology in Social Work Practice https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gj8hjvikp44

Future is Bright for AI and Social Work https://www.cais.usc.edu/news/future-is-bright-for-ai-and-social-work

Make Time for What Matters Part 2: Using Technology to Improve Efficiency and Developing Strong Relationships

https://schoolsocialwork.net/make-time-for-what-matters-part-2-using-technology-to-improve-efficiency-and-developing-strong-relationships/

Digital References:

Pedagogy: Lecture and Lab, Assignment ,Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40			
Assessment Occasion/ Weightage in Marks			
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10		
Assignment/Case Studies	10		
Seminar	05		
Attendance	05		
Total	40		

Title of the Course: SEC (Value Based) Physical Education for Fitness

SEC (Value Based) Physical Education for fitness*	
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture/Activities/hours/semester
1 (0+0+2)	, 15 to 20 hrs. (Approximately)

^{*} Syllabus as specified by the concerned University.

Title of the Course: SEC (Value Based) Health and Wellness

Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture/Activities/hours/semester
1(0+0+2)	15 to 20 hrs. (Approximately)

BA Social Work Semester –II DSC – A3 SOCIAL CASE WORK

DSC – A3 Social Case Work	
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester
3	45

Content of Course	45 Hrs
Unit – I Introduction to Social Case Work	10
Chapter No. 1 Social Casework: Concept, Nature, Scope, Objectives and Importance	
Chapter No. 2 Historical Development of Social Casework	
Chapter No. 3 Individual: Nature and Needs	
Chapter No. 4 Problems Faced by Individuals and Families,	
Unit - II Components, Principles and Process of Social Case Work	12
Chapter No. 5 Components of Social Case Work (Person, Problem, Place, and Process)	
Chapter No. 6 Principles of Social Case Work	
Chapter No. 7 Process of Social Work: Intake, study, Assessment/Diagnosis, Treatment/Intervention, Evaluation, Termination and Follow up	
Chapter No. 8 Concept of Social Role, Functioning and Coping.	
Unit - III Tools, Techniques and Skills of Social Casework	11
Chapter No. 9 Casework Relationship, Use of Authority and Advocacy	
Chapter No. 10 Communication: Observation, Listening, Interviewing and Home Visits	
Chapter No. 11 Rapport Building and Resource Mobilization	
Chapter No. 12 Recording in Social Casework	
Unit - IV Approaches and Practice of Social Casework	12
Chapter No. 13 Task Centered Approach	
Chapter No. 14 Social Psychological Approach	
Chapter No. 15 Problem Solving Approach and Integrated approach	
Chapter No. 16 Casework Practice in different settings: Medical, School, Elderly care Homes, Correctional, and Rehabilitation Centres.	

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Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment ,Individual andGroup, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Asses	sment: 40
Assessment Occasion/type	Weightage in Marks
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10
Assignment/Case Studies	10
Seminar	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

BA Social Work Semester – II

DSC - A4 DYNAMICS OF HUMAN BEHAVIOR

DSC – A4 Dynamics of Huma	n Behavior
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester
3	45

Content of Course	45 Hrs
Unit - I Human Behaviour and Lifespan Development: An Overview	12
Chapter No. 01 Conceptual Framework of Human Behaviour: Freudian and Neo-	
Freudian understanding of human behaviour and development.	
Chapter No. 02 Human Growth: Pre and Post Natal Situations	
Chapter No. 03 Introduction to Lifespan Development: Developmental Stages from	
conception to Old age Chapter No. 04 Developmental tasks, Influence of Heredity and Environment, Hazards,	
Process of Human Growth and Development	
Unit - II Personality and Human Behaviour	11
Chapter No. 05 Personality: Concept, Determinants, Types	
Chapter No. 06 Theories of Personality: Sigmund Freud and Carl Jung, B.F.	
Skinner and Carl Rogers	
Chapter No. 07 Human Behaviour: Concept, Determinants and Reflectors	
Chapter No. 08 Behavioural Problems in Different Stages of Personality	
Development, Defense and Adjustment Mechanisms.	
Unit - III Social Psychology and Social Attitude	11
Chapter No. 09 Social Psychology: Concept, Definition and Relevance to Social Work	
Chapter No. 10 Influence on individual, Groups and Collective Behavior	
Chapter No.11 Socio-psychological Processes: Sensation, Perception, Cognition,	
Attribution, Learning and Socialization, Attitudes, Beliefs, Leadership, Prejudices,	
Stereotypes, Social Distancing	
Unit - IV Adjustment and Conflict	11
Chapter No.12 Adjustment: Concept of adjustment and maladjustment, defense	
mechanisms, stress	
Chapter No.13 Frustration and conflict: Sources of frustration and conflict, types of conflicts	
Chapter No.14 Concepts of normality and abnormality, causation of mental illness, neuroses, psychoses, psychosomatic disorders.	
Chapter No. 15 Management of Mental Disorders.	

References: Atkinson, R. L., Atkinson, R. C., Smith, E. E., Bem, D. J. and Hilgard, E. R. (2013) Introduction to Psychology. New York: H. B. J. Inc. Baron, R.A. and Byron, D. (1998). Social Psychology. New Delhi: Prentice Hal. Dandapani, S. (2005). General Psychology: Hyderabad: Neel Kamal Publications. Elizabeth, H. (1968). Development Psychology. New York: Mc Graw Hill. Feldman, R.S. (1985). Social Psychology: Theories, Research and Applications. New York: McGraw hill. Feldman, R.S. (1997). Understanding Psychology. New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill. Hall, C.S. Lindzey, G. and Cambell J.B. (2004). Theories of Personalities. New York: Wiley M. Kuppuswamy, B. (1972). Elements of Social Psychology. New York: Asian Publishing House. Morgan, C.T., King, R.A. Weisz, J.R., Schopler, J. (2001). Introduction to Psychology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw and Hill. Myers, D.G. (2005). Social Psychology (8th ed.). New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co Ltd. Name of the Journal and URL Current Opinion in Psychology: http://bit.ly/2DWs5VT Journal of Applied Developmental Psychology: http://bit.ly/2nG9mTl Journal of Education Psychology: http://bit.ly/2FI9Gs3 Journal of Experimental Psychology: http://bit.ly/2nHuVmO CarloW (2011), Stages of Human Development, Available at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ld8GLIzIWKU Leisure Information Network (2014), Ages and Stages of Middle Childhood 6 to 12 Year Olds, Available at

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OtpiBtL_7zc

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Learning Outcomes based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) for Bachelor of Social Work (BSW)(2019)

https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/1366718_Social_Work.pdf

Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40	
Assessment Occasion/type	Weightage in Marks
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10
Assignment/Case Studies	10
Seminar	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

BA Social Work Semester –II OE-02: Social Work Concerns for Woman and Child Development

OE-02: Social Work Concerns f	For Woman and Child Development
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester
3	45

Content of Course	45
Content of Course	Hrs
Unit – I Social Construction of Gender	10
Chapter No.01 Status of Women in India, Factors affecting Women Status	
Chapter No.02 Sex and Gender conceptual framework, Gender Discrimination, Gender Stereotyping,	
Chapter No 03 Gender: Roles, Perspective, Analysis	
Chapter No.04 Contemporary Issues of Women: Single Women/Single Parent	
Unit - II Problems and Issues Related to Female Children and Women in India	11
Chapter No.05 Female Foeticide, Female Infanticide, Sex Ratio, Child Marriage	
Chapter No.06 Child Labour, Dowry, Separated, Divorced, Widowhood, and Unwed Mother	
Chapter No.07 Domestic workers: issues and concerns.	
Chapter No.08 Problem of Elderly Women: need for social work intervention	
Unit - III Social Work and Women Empowerment	12
Chapter No.09 Women Empowerment: An Introduction.	
Chapter No.10Women Empowerment through Varied Perspectives: SHGs, Education, Employment and Entitlement	
Chapter No.11 Government Welfare Programmes and Schemes for Women Empowerment in Karnataka	
Chapter No.12 Reception Centre, Adoption Centers, State Home for Women and Day Care Centre (Creche), Foster and after care services.	
Chapter No. 13Functions and Responsibilities of State Commission for Women, Karnataka State Women Development Corporation (KSWDC)	
Unit - IV Problems of Children and Protection System	12
Chapter No. 14 Child and Children Problems: Conceptual Framework, Socio- Economic and Behaviour problems of the children	
Chapter No. 15 Child Care and protective Services, Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC): Features, Development in India and Consequences Chapter No. 16 Ministry of Women and Child Development: Functions and	
programmes at the Central and State level.	

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Pedagogy: Lecture, Assignment, Individual and Group, Discussion/Presentation

Formative Assessment: 40	
Assessment Occasion/type	Weightage in Marks
Written Tests (2)	10 + 10
Assignment/Case Studies	10
Seminar	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

BA Social Work Semester –II

Title of the Course: SEC (Value Based) Physical Education-Yoga

Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture/Activities/hours/semester
1 (0+0+2)	15 to 20 hrs. (Approximately)

Title of the Course: SEC (Value Based) NCC/NSS/R&R/(S&G)/Cultural

Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture/Activities/hours/semester
1(0+0+2)	15 to 20 hrs. (Approximately)

DAVANGERE UNIVERSITY

BA in Social Work Course

Pattern for Internal Assessment

Assignment Occasion/type	Weightage in Marks
Written Tests (2)	10 +10
Assignment/Case Studies	10
Seminar	05
Attendance	05
Total	40

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