Model Curriculum Content

For Undergraduate Program in Sociology

(UGP in Sociology)

(1 & 2 Semesters)

DEAN
Faculty of Arts
Davangere University
Shivagangotri, Davangere.

Prepared by

Sociology Subject Expert Committee

Program Outcomes UG Program in Sociology

By the end of the program the students will be able to:

(Refer to literature on outcome-based education (OBE) for details on Program Outcomes)

- 1. Think critically by exercising sociological imagination
- 2. Question common wisdom, raise important questions and examine arguments
- 3. Collect and analyse data, make conclusions and present arguments
- 4. Think theoretically and examine the empirical data
- 5. Skilfully Participate in Research Groups and market Research Firms
- 6. Serve in Development Agencies, Government Departments and Projects
- 7. Be a Social Entrepreneur, Community Worker, Survey Designer, Research Analyst, Social Statistician
- 8. Transfer Skills as a Teacher, Facilitator of Community Development
- 9. Competent to make a difference in the community

Assessment:

Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Type of Course	Formative Assessment / IA	Summative Assessment
Theory	40	60
Practical		-
Projects	-	
Experiential Learning (Internships etc.)	40	60

Revised Syllabus Structure of UG Sociology Discipline

	Sen	nester -I				
Course	Title of the Paper	Credits	No. of Teaching Hours/Weak	Total Marks/ Assessment		
DSC SOC C1	Understanding Sociology	03	03	100 (60+40)		
DSC SOC C2	8 8					
	Choose Any On	e of the Fo	ollowing			
OE	Indian Society: Continuity and Change	03	03	100 (60+40)		
	Sociology of Everyday Life	03	03	100 (60+40)		
	Sem	ester -II				
DSC SOC C3	Foundation of Sociological Theory	03	03	100 (60+40)		
DSC SOC C4	Sociology of Rural Life in India	03	03	100 (60+40)		
	Choose Any One	of the Fo	llowing			
OE	Society Through Gender Lens	03	03	100 (60+40)		
	Social Development in India	03	03	100 (60+40)		
	Sem	ester-III				
DSC SOC C5	Social Stratification and Mobility	03	03	100(60+40)		
DSC SOC C6	Sociology of Urban Life in India	03	03	100 (60+40)		
	Choose Any One of	of the Foll	owing			
OE	Sociology of Food Culture	03	03	100(60+40)		
	Sociology of Tourism and Management	03	03	100(60+40)		
		ester-IV				
DSC SOC C7	Sociology of Marginalized Groups	03	03	100(60+40)		
DSC SOC C8	Population and Society	03	03	100 (60+40)		
OE	Sociology of Youth	03	03	100(60+40)		
	Sociology of Leisure	03	03	100(60+40)		

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Model Curriculum

Name of the Degree Program: BA

Discipline Core: Sociology

Total Credits for the Program: 12

Starting year of implementation: 2021-22

Course 1 Understanding Sociology		Course 2 Changing	Social Institutions in India
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/ semester
3	45	3	45

Course 3 Foundations of Sociological Theory		Course 4 Sociology of Rural Life in India			
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/ semester		
3	45	3	45		

Curriculum Structure for the Undergraduate Degree Program BA

Total Credits for the Program: 18 (9+9)

Starting year of implementation: 2021

Name of the Degree Program: I B A

Discipline/Subject: Sociology

Program Articulation Matrix: Semester 1

This matrix lists only the core courses. Core courses are essential to earn the degree in that discipline/subject. They include courses such as theory, laboratory, project, internships etc. Elective courses may be listed separately

Se m		Title /Name of the Course	Program outcomes that the course addresses (not more than 3 per	Pre- requisit e course (s)	Pedagogy ##	Assessment\$
1	DSC SOC C1	Understandin g Sociology	1. Understand the nature and role of Sociology in a changing world 2. Recognise different perspectives of perceiving the workings of social groups 3. Express one's understanding of current social issues in oral and written forms	10+2 or PUC	Experienti al learning (activity- based learning)	Oral or written presentations to assess analysing capability, creativity and communication skills

1	DSC -SOC C2	Changing Social Institutions in India	1. Identify the new forms taken by social institutions 2. Critically understand the implications of changes occurring 3. Undertake micro research work and communicate effectively	10+2 or PUC	Micro projects Activity based learning	Presentation of micro projects Questions asked and answered
2	DSC -SOC C3	Foundations of Sociological Theory	1. Appreciate the contemporane ity of classical sociological thought 2. Appreciate the need for thinking in theoretical terms and concepts 3. Demonstrate Basic Understanding of Theory and Research	DSC-1 and DSC-2	Role Play Group discussion Micro projects	Ability to analyse a social situation withing the framework of theory Assess the relevance of a theory in contemporary terms

UG Sociology

2	DSC -SOC C4	Sociology of Rural Life in India	1. Understand the myths and realities of village India constructed by Western scholars 2. Appreciate the role of traditional social institutions and how they have responded to forces of change 3. Make an informed analysis of various development programmes and challenges encountered	DSC-1 and DSC-2	Field visit and data collection Interviews	Data collection Data analysis Presentation of data
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^{##} Pedagogy for student engagement is predominantly lectures. However, other pedagogies enhancing better student engagement to be recommended for each course. The list includes active learning/ course projects/problem or project based learning/ case studies/self study like seminar, term paper or MOOC

^{\$} Every course needs to include assessment for higher order thinking skills (Applying/Analyzing/ Evaluating/ Creating). However, this column may contain alternate assessment methods that help formative assessment (i.e. assessment for learning).

BA Semester 1

Course Title: Understanding Sociology			
Total Contact Hours: 45 Course Credits: 3			
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours		
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 60		

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Understand the nature and role of Sociology in a changing world
- 2. Comprehend the uniqueness of sociological imagination in the study of real world
- 3. Recognise different perspectives of perceiving the workings of social groups
- 4. Differentiate between sociology's two purposes science and social reform
- 5. Express one's understanding of current social issues in oral and written forms

1-2 Semesters

Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Outcomes (COs) with Program Outcomes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs)/ Program Outcomes (POs)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Understand the nature and role of Sociology in a changing world	X	X		X		X	X	X	X
Comprehend the uniqueness of sociological imagination in the study of real world	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Recognise different perspectives of perceiving the workings of social groups	X		Х	X	X	X	X	X	X
Differentiate between sociology's two purposes - science and social reform	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Express one's understanding of current social issues in oral and written forms		X	X	X	X			X	X

Course Articulation Matrix relates course outcomes of course with the corresponding program outcomes whose attainment is attempted in this course. Mark 'X' in the intersection cell if a course outcome addresses a particular program outcome.

BA Semester 1

Title of the Course:

Content of Course 1: Understanding Sociology	45 Hrs
Unit 1: Sociology as Science	
	17
Chapter 1 Sociology: Definition (as a study of Groups and Social Interaction),	
Scope and Need; Sociology as Science Vs. Sociology as Social Reform; Foci of	
Sociology: Social Institutions, Social Inequality and Social Change	
Chapter 2 Sociological Imagination (C Wright Mills' distinction between	
trouble <i>i.e. personal in nature</i> and issue, i.e. <i>public in nature</i>), Sociological Eye	
(Randall Collins), Social Construction of Reality	
Chapter 3 Introduction to Sociological Perspectives: Functionalist, Conflict,	
Symbolic Interactionist, Feminist	
Unit 2 Culture and Socialisation	14
Chapter 4 Culture: Definition and Elements of Culture; Comparison between	
Culture and Civilisation; Acculturation: Robert Ezra Park's idea of Melting Pot;	
Cultural Contact, Cultural Shock, Counter Culture	
Chapter 5 Emerging Issues in Culture: Consumer Culture, Children as	
Consumers, Cyber culture, Netiquette in the age of Digital Living and Digital	
Divide; Cultural Imperialism	
Chapter 6 Socialisation: Theories of Self: Charles Horton Cooley and George	
Herbert Mead	
Unit 3 Social Change	14
Chapter 7 Changes due to Industrialisation, Rationalisation, Globalisation,	
McDonaldization (George Ritzer), Urbanisation and Information Explosion	
Chapter 8 Globalisation; Global Culture: Globalisation of Values;	
Chapter 9 Changing age Structure of Societies: Ageing and Ageism; Technological Impact on Social Life; Changing Environment	

Text Books

Berger, P L 1963, Invitation to Sociology: A Humanistic Perspective, Doubleday, Garden City, N.Y

Bruce, Steve, 2018, Sociology: A Very Short Introduction, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, New York

Corrigall-Brown, Catherine 2020, Imagining Sociology: An Introduction with Readings, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, Canada

Davis, Kingsley 1949, Human Society, Macmillan, Delhi

Ferrante, Joan 2013, Seeing Sociology: An Introduction, 3rd Edition, Cengage Learning, USA

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Giddens, Anthony and Philip W Sutton, 2013, Sociology, 7th edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

Harlambos, M and R M Heald, 1980, Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Oxford University Press, Delhi

Inkeles, Alex 1987, What is Sociology? Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi
Jayaram, N 1989, Sociology - Methods and Theories, Macmillan India Ltd. Bangalore
Johnson, H M 1995, Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, Allied Publishers, New Delhi
Lemert, Charles 2012, Social Things: An Introduction to the Sociological Life, Rowman

Macionis, John 2018, Sociology Global Edition, Pearson, England

and Littlefield Publishers, Maryland

Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in General Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad

Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in Indian Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad

Ritzer, George and W W Murphy, 2020, Introduction to Sociology, 5th edition, Sage Publications, New Delhi

ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೧೯೯೫ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು

ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು) ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ(ವಿಷಯವಾರು ವಿಶ್ವಕೋಶ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು

ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೧೯೯೪, ಕುಟುಂಬ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು

ನಾಗೇಶ್ ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ (ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಭಾರತೀಯ), ೧೯೯೮, ಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೨೦೦೦ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರಣ) ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ ೨೦೧೮, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ್ ನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ್ ಎಂ ಎನ್ (೨೦೧೮) ಆಧುನಿಕ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಬದಲಾವಣೆ, ಅನುವಾದ - ಇಂದಿರ, ಆರ್ (ಸಂ) ರಾಷ್ಟೀಯ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಮೈಸೂರು

References

Unit 1

https://www.drrandallcollins.com/sociologicaleye A blog maintained by Randall Collins which gives the definition for Sociological Eye and many posts on examples http://sociological-eye.blogspot.com/ Another blog by Randall Collins https://us.sagepub.com/sites/default/files/upm-assets/109310_book_item_109310.pdf First chapter of a book published by Sage Publications - available free on this website

https://sites.middlebury.edu/utopias/files/2013/02/The-Promise.pdf First chapter of The Sociological Imagination

https://www.imprs-demogr.mpg.de/courses/01ws/TSI.pdf On Intellectual Craftsmanship - Appendix to The Sociological Imagination, by C Wright Mills https://www.pearsonhighered.com/assets/samplechapter/1/4/0/8/1408269546.pdf Chapter 1 of Pearson book - good introduction to Sociological Imagination, Origins of Sociology, along with case studies. Contains useful reference and weblinks

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Unit 2

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<u>Acculturation - Cambridge University Presshttps://www.cambridge.org > core ></u> elements > acculturati...

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https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-sociology/chapter/theories-of-socialization/

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https://edisciplinas.usp.br/pluginfile.php/4408475/mod resource/content/1/ Lupton-Digital%20Sociology%282014%29.pdf

https://www.grin.com/document/453828 An article on the impact of digital life on society from sociological perspective

https://www.pewresearch.org/internet/2019/10/28/5-leading-concerns-about-the-future-of-digital-life/

https://blogs.ed.ac.uk/keywordsindigitalsociology/2020/01/09/the-digital-divide/ https://www.webroot.com/in/en/resources/tips-articles/netiquette-and-onlineethics-what-are-they

https://www.britannica.com/topic/netiquette

https://blog.citl.mun.ca/instructionalresources/netiquette/

https://www.rasmussen.edu/student-experience/college-life/netiquette-guidelinesevery-online-student-needs-to-know/

Unit 3

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https://www.cpp.edu/~ddwills/courses/ant352/readings352/McDonaldization.htm

http://web.simmons.edu/~chen/nit/NIT%2796/96-171-Larney.html On

McDonaldization of Information

https://www.encyclopedia.com/social-sciences/dictionaries-thesauruses-pictures-

and-press-releases/mcdonaldization

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https://www.who.int/westernpacific/news/q-a-detail/ageing-ageism

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Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Sociology as a Science

- 1. A discussion can be conducted on Common sense explanation Vs Sociological Explanation on topics like reasons for poverty, literacy level, health status, divorce, arranged or love marriage and students can present their ideas.
- 2. Students can be asked to identify the differences between methods of study adopted in subjects like Physics or Chemistry in comparison with Sociology, list them and present
- 3. Students can be asked to find the common methods of study adopted in subjects like Botany or Zoology and Sociology and find commonalities or differences
- 4. Issues like social status, economic inequality, sharing of natural resources, language issues etc. can be assigned to group of students for discussion and presentation on how they can be analysed from different sociological perspectives (Functional vs Conflict, Functional Vs Symbolic Interaction, Feminist Vs Functional for example)
- 5. Students can be encouraged to share their views on ideal qualities of a woman or man in India and it can lead to a discussion on how these qualities are socially constructed rather than inborn/natural/god given

Unit 2: Culture and Socialisation

- 1. Students can be encouraged to observe social norms in two different social environments one familiar and another unfamiliar. It is necessary that the social environments should be sufficiently public in nature and they can spend time observing and noting how people act, behave, how social space is maintained etc. They can note down different types of norms like obedient behaviour, authority, friendly behaviour etc. and write down the basis for their conclusion. Observation should be of at least 45-60 minutes duration
- 6. A discussion/assignment can be given to compare and contrast the ideas of melting pot principle of the USA and unity in diversity principle of India.
- 7. An exercise can be conducted to stimulate thinking and discussion among students about the relationship between the way they dress and acculturation. For example,

they can identify the changes in how men and women dress since last 75 years and differences in the level of acculturation and possible reasons for these differences.

- 8. Drama or role play can be enacted to illustrate the changing social values in the areas of social interaction (breakdown of caste barriers, for example), changes in relationship between women and men, or increasing importance of values like liberty, equality, fraternity and such other issues
- 9. Students can discuss in small groups about the use of cell phones among the youth and relate it to consumer culture. They can focus on issues like increasing use of cell phones, increasing dependence on them, frequent exchange of old phones to new and the reasons for such behaviour. Other commodities like branded dress, computers, fashion products etc. can be taken up depending on the situation. It can also be used introduce concepts like conspicuous consumption, traditional culture, anti-consumers, brand indifference etc to encourage further studies
- 10. Issues like gaming, online community, social media usage their impact on identity and privacy in the life of modern youth can be taken up for discussion and presentation. Students can share their experiences related to the above topics and how it defines their personality
- 11. Is there any difference between online world and real world? Should one use same set of rules and norms while interacting with friends, elders, younger ones in the online/real world? Can one be rude, harassing in the online world? Does the violence in online gaming, for example, a mirror of our real life expectations? Is there any difference between writing an Email/ paper application to ask for job interview? These are some examples for discussing about Netiquette.
- 12. To understand the theories of socialisation, students can share their experiences related to how they choose a new dress? Criteria used to buy a vehicle or consumer good like cell phone, write a report by observing and reporting on differences in expected behaviour of a six months child and one year old child.

Unit 3: Social Change

1. A comparative report writing can be assigned on why handloom cotton saris etc are costlier than industry produced clothes (both cotton and synthetic) by way of collecting opinion of the dealers, producers and consumers

- 13. Assign groups of students to observe, discuss and report on the working of a darshini cafe, big restaurant/hotel and a street side tea shop in the context of rationalisation and McDonaldization.
- 14. Make the students to express their dreams and aspirations about the type of place/community in which they wish to live when they grow up and ask them to identify the urban/rural elements that are absolutely essential
- 15. A project on loss of green/lung spaces in the normal area of residence of students like loss of gomalas, parks, forests etc.
- 16. A project on crop pattern, tools used including fertilisers and pesticides, preferred crop, problems faced by the agriculturists in the students' place of residence or nearby village
- 17. A project in nearby village on how many elderly persons are living alone or with their partners but children have moved to urban areas and how they experience social life

Pedagogy Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Activities	25	
Written Test	15	
Total	40	

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

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Dr Ramegowda A

Date: 6/9/2021 Course Co-ordinator

Subject Committee Chairperson

B.A. Semester 1

Course Title: Changing Social Institutions in India				
Total Contact Hours: 45 Course Credits: 3				
Formative Assessment Marks: 40 Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours				
Model Syllabus Authors: Summative Assessment Marks: 60				

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Identify the new forms taken by institutions of family and marriage
- 2. Understand the role played by religion in modern world
- 3. Sensitise the students to the conflicting norms of secularism and living by one's religious beliefs
- 4. Appreciate the role of education and challenges in making education accessible to all
- 5. Recognise the social nature of economy and work
- 6. Grasp the opportunities offered by democracy and the threats it faces
- 7. Undertake micro research work and communicate effectively

Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Outcomes (COs) with Program Outcomes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs)/ Program Outcomes (POs)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Identify the new forms taken by institutions of family and marriage		X · ·	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Understand the role played by religion in modern world	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X

Sensitise the students to the conflicting norms of secularism and living by one's religious beliefs	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Appreciate the role of education and challenges in making education accessible to all	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Recognise the social nature of economy and work	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Grasp the opportunities offered by democracy and the threats it faces	X	X		X	X		X	X	Х
Undertake micro research work and communicate effectively	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Course Articulation Matrix relates course outcomes of course with the corresponding program outcomes whose attainment is attempted in this course. Mark 'X' in the intersection cell if a course outcome addresses a particular program outcome.

Content of Course 2: Changing Social Institutions in India	4 5 Hrs
Unit 1 Family and Marriage	15
Chapter 1 Family - Definitions of Family and Household; Changing	
structure of family (changes in size and composition)	
Chapter 2 Marriage - Definition; Changes in age of marriage; changing	
patterns of marital relations (democratisation of relationships);	
cohabitation, separation, divorce and remarriage and step-parenting	
Chapter 3 Decrease in number of children and voluntary childlessness;	
Changes in caregiving of children and elderly	
Unit 2 Religion and Education	15
Chapter 4. Definition; Secularisation vs Resurgence of religion in modern	
world; Challenge of diversity - religious freedom vs state laws	
Chapter 5 Education: Definition; Education as Socialisation; Types of	
Education - Formal and Informal; Functional View - Manifest and Latent	
Functions; Conflict View - Education as a Tool for Perpetuating Inequality	
Chapter 6 Schooling and Life Chances (Max Weber's views) - Increasing	
Enrolment Ratio; Education and Employability - Technology and Digital	
Divide	
Unit – 3 Economic and Political Institutions	15
Chapter 7. Definitions of Economy and Work; Gender stratification in work	
and its feminisation; Job insecurity, Unemployment; Outsourcing -	1

Opportunities and Threats; Automation and Advancement of Technology

Chapter No. 8 Definitions of Political Institution, Government, Governance and State

Chapter No. 9 Status of Democracy in India; Challenges: Militancy, Fundamentalism, Regionalism

Text Books

Berger, P L 1963, Invitation to Sociology: A Humanistic Perspective, Doubleday, Garden City, N.Y

Bruce, Steve, 2018, Sociology: A Very Short Introduction, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, New York

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ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೧೯೯೫ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೦, ಮಹಿಳೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕೌಟುಂಬಿಕ ಹಿಂಸೆ, ಯಶೋದ ರಾಗೌ ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೭ ಸ್ತ್ರೀವಾದ ದಿಕ್ಸೂಚಿ, ಕನ್ನಡ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಹಂಪಿ

ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೭ ಮಾನುಷಿ (ಪ್ರಜಾನುಡಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2002-2006 ರವರೆಗೆ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ಅಂಕಣ ಬರಹಗಳ ಸಂಕಲನ), ಸಾರಾ ಎಂಟಪ್ರೈ ಸಸ್, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು) ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ(ವಿಷಯವಾರು ವಿಶ್ವಕೋಶ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೬, ಹೆಣ್ಣು, ಹಕ್ಕು ಮತ್ತು ಹೋರಾಟ (ಪ್ರಜಾವಾಣಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2009-2013 ರ ವರೆಗೆ ಹೊಸದಾರಿ ಅಂಕಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿತವಾದ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತ ಬರಹಗಳು), ಪ್ರಗತಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮೈಸೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೧೯೯೪, ಕುಟುಂಬ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್ ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ (ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಭಾರತೀಯ), ೧೯೯೮, ಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೨೦೦೦ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರಣ) ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೫ ಭಾರತದ ನಗರ ಸಮಾಜ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೫ ಭಾರತದ ನಗರ ಸಮಾಜ ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಭಾರತದ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆಗಳು, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜದ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ದಿ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ ೨೦೧೮, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ್ರನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು

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Unit 1: Family and Marriage

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/wmopen-introtosociology/chapter/marriage-and-family/

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-sociology/chapter/recent-changes-in-family-structure/

https://www.thehindu.com/news/national/how-the-nature-of-indian-families-is-changing/article28281107.ece

https://www.bbc.com/news/world-asia-india-54053091 Why Indians Continue to Live in Joint Families

https://opentextbc.ca/introductiontosociology/chapter/chapter14-marriage-and-family/

https://www.asanet.org/sites/default/files/savvy/introtosociology/Documents/ ActivitiesForExploringFamilyBobGreene.html This site by American Sociological Association provides many examples for conducting activities related to family and marriage

http://rchiips.org/nfhs/factsheet NFHS-5.shtml Data of National Family and Health Survey-5 is available for every district in this website

Unit 2: Religion and Education

https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2018/06/29/5-facts-about-religion-in-india/

https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2015/04/21/by-2050-india-to-have-worlds-largest-populations-of-hindus-and-muslims/

https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2018/06/29/5-facts-about-religion-in-india/

https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2015/04/02/7-key-changes-in-the-global-religious-landscape/

https://www.pewresearch.org/search/secular Women in many countries face problem about their dress by religious groups/secular groups

https://en.unesco.org/news/unesco-launches-2020-state-education-report-india-vocational-education-first Link to the complete report available along with resources like video etc.

Unit 3: Economic and Political Institutions

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/cochise-sociology-os/chapter/women-in-theworkplace/

https://www.orfonline.org/research/rewriting-the-rules-women-and-work-in-india-47584/

https://www.bbc.com/worklife/article/20210712-paternity-leave-the-hidden-barriers-keeping-men-at-work

https://www.nytimes.com/2020/02/19/parenting/why-dads-dont-take-parental-leave.html

https://askanydifference.com/difference-between-government-and-governance/https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/pdf/10.1111/j.1468-2397.2008.00575.x How does economic globalisation affects the welfare state?

https://www.bertelsmann-stiftung.de/fileadmin/files/BSt/Publikationen/ GrauePublikationen/NW Globalisation and the Welfare State.pdf

Pedagogy Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Family and Marriage

- (1) NFHS data related to Karnataka can be used to illustrate the change in family size over a period of time. Similarly, reports cited in Suggested Internet Resources can be used to involve students in analysis of secondary data
- Of their residence and elicit answers for two questions: (a) Between arranged and love marriages, which do they prefer? (b) Reason for their answer to (a). Different groups of students are assigned to interview people of different age groups. Students should collate the data they have collected and present it as a small project report. Size of the report can vary from 750-2000 words, depending on the number of students involved and they should use appropriate tables and charts to present their data.
- (3) Activity 1 can be carried out with by varying questions related to respondents' opinions on age of marriage, divorce, separation and cohabitation etc. associated with the institution of family

Unit 2: Religion and Education

(1) Students can be made to collect information about the level of participation in religious organisations and programmes among 15-20 young persons (as an individual or group activity) and submit their data as a report that can vary from 750-2000 words with appropriate tables and charts

- (4) Debates about State interfering in religious beliefs associated with social institutions like family, marriage, divorce, property rights are seen since many decades in India. Students can conduct a micro-study on common people's opinion about these issues, present their data in the class room along with a report
- (5) In the Suggested Internet Links, UNESCO Report on Education in India 2020 is provided. Summary/data sheets can be used to cover topics like literacy level, enrolment ratio, gender and education etc. Similarly State of Education India can be fruitfully utilised by students to present their understanding of issues and reasons for lack of quality education in India
- (6) A survey of students/youth of college can be conducted to understand their concerns about their opportunities in employment market by asking four-five questions sex, age, education level and opinion, for example.
- (7) A report can be prepared by students about the problems faced by special children at different levels of schools/college and present it in the context of inclusive education policy
- (8) Movies like Sarkari hiriya prathamika shaale can be screened/viewed and students can participate in discussion or present in writing their opinions

Unit 3: Economic and Political Institutions

(1) Indian amended the Maternity Benefit Act in 2017 extending many benefits to women workers, including 6 months maternity leave. How has this amendment benefited women in private sector, can be examined by students and discuss whether this act is beneficial to women's employment opportunities in the long run

(9) https://www.nytimes.com/2020/02/19/parenting/why-dads-dont-take-parental-leave.html This article in New York Times reports various reasons for fathers not opting for paternal leave while it is "mandatorily" expected that mothers should utilise the facility. A discussion can be held in the class room to understand the sociological roots of this behaviour difference in men and women, pressure of expectations, gender division of labour. Teachers can present the news report as a summary or reading sheet to facilitate the discussion. One more article which can be used is: https://www.bbc.com/worklife/article/20210712-paternity-leave-the-hidden-barriers-keeping-men-at-work

- (10) BPOs provide ample opportunities for young women and men to work in India. It is a growing market and onsite training are given for new recruits. It is also an area where job insecurity is very high. Students can interview a few employees to understand the opportunities and threats they face in this area of work
- (11) Seasonal unemployment is very common for agricultural labourers. How do labourers cope with this situation and the problems they encounter can be documented by students
- (12) Migration from rural rural to urban areas is increasing. Experience of these migrant labourers can be reported as case study
- (13) <u>https://supplychaindigital.com/supply-chain-2/indias-bpo-market-could-reach-dollar250-billion</u>
- (14) Every rural/urban area has its own elected local body. Students can find out the difference between government and governance by documenting how people's representatives are elected (government) and the level of adherence to rules and regulations by these representatives and bureaucrats (governance) by doing social audit of public infrastructure like roads, availability/supply of water, response to complaints by public etc.

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Activities	25	
Written Test	15	
Total	40	

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Date 06/09/21

Course Co-ordinator

*Dr Ramegowda A*Subject Committee Chairperson

BA Semester 2

Title of the Course:

Course 3 Founda Sociological The		Course 4 Sociology of Rural Life in India						
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/ semester					
3	45	3	45					

Course Title: Foundations	Course Title: Foundations of Sociological Theory						
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3						
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours						
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 60						

Course Pre-requisite(s): *Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.*

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Contextualise the social and intellectual background of classical sociologists
- 2. Appreciate the contemporaneity of classical sociological thought
- 3. Appreciate the need for thinking in theoretical terms and concepts
- 4. Demonstrate Basic Understanding of Theory and Research

Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Outcomes (COs) with Program Outcomes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs)/ Program Outcomes (POs)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Contextualise the social and intellectual background of classical sociologists		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Appreciate the contemporaneity of classical sociological thought	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	Х
Appreciate the need for thinking in theoretical terms and concepts	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X		X
Demonstrate Basic Understanding of Theory and Research	X	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х

Course Articulation Matrix relates course outcomes of course with the corresponding program outcomes whose attainment is attempted in this course. Mark 'X' in the intersection cell if a course outcome addresses a particular program outcome.

Content of Course 3: Foundations of Sociological Theory	45 Hrs			
Unit 1 A Comte and H Spencer	14			
Chapter 1: Auguste Comte: Intellectual context, Positivism, Law of				
Three Stages, Classification of Sciences				
Chapter 2: Herbert Spencer: Theory of Social Evolution, Organic				
Analogy, Types of Society				
Unit 2 K Marx and G Simmel				
Chapter 3: Karl Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Economic Determinism,				
Class Struggle, Alienation				
Chapter 4: Georg Simmel: Formal Sociology, Theory of Sociation,				
Theory of Conflict				
Unit 3 E Durkheim and M Weber				
Chapter 5: Emile Durkheim: Social Facts, Division of Labour in Society,				
Suicide, Sociology of Religion				
Chapter 6: Max Weber: Social Action, Ideal Types, Bureaucracy, Types				
of Authority, Protestant Ethics and Spirit of Capitalism				

Text Books

Abraham, Francis 1984, Modern Sociological Theory, Orient Longman, Delhi

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Bruce, Steve, 2018, Sociology: A Very Short Introduction, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, New York

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Turner, Jonathan 1987, The Structure of Sociological Theory, Rawat Publications, Jaipur Zeitlin, Irving M 1998, Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory, Rawat Publications, Jaipur

ನಾಗೇಶ್ ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ (ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಭಾರತೀಯ), ೧೯೯೮, ಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಸೋಮಯ್ಯ, ಕೆ ಎನ್ ೧೯೮೯, ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರದ ಆಚಾಯ ರು, ಸರಸ್ವತಿ ಪುರಂ, ಮೈಸೂರು

References

Unit 1 A Comte and H Spencer

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/sociology/chapter/the-history-of-sociology/https://www.oxfordbibliographies.com/view/document_obo-9780199756384/obo-9780199756384-0140.xml Contains many useful links

https://www.britannica.com/biography/Auguste-Comte

https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/comte/

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/109103023/download/ Lecture%2036.pdf

https://www.britannica.com/biography/Herbert-Spencer

https://www.smithsonianmag.com/science-nature/herbert-spencer-survival-of-the-fittest-180974756/

https://iep.utm.edu/spencer/

https://anthropology.ua.edu/theory/social-evolutionism/

Unit 2 K Marx and G Simmel

https://scholar.harvard.edu/files/michaelrosen/files/karl marx.pdf

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https://www.encyclopedia.com/social-sciences/applied-and-social-sciencesmagazines/marx-karl-impact-sociology

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https://www.openculture.com/2021/05/what-karl-marx-meant-by-alienation-two-animated-videos-explain.html

https://www.encyclopedia.com/people/social-sciences-and-law/sociology-biographies/georg-simmel

http://enpuir.npu.edu.ua/bitstream/handle/123456789/9425/ Pet%27ko%2C%20Borisyuk%2C%202014.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y https://brocku.ca/MeadProject/Simmel/Simmel 1904a.html

Unit 3 E Durkheim and M Weber

https://www.britannica.com/biography/Emile-Durkheim

https://iep.utm.edu/durkheim/

http://uregina.ca/~gingrich/250j1503.htm

https://opentextbc.ca/introductiontosociology/chapter/chapter-15-religion/

http://home.dsoc.uevora.pt/~eje/weber.html

https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/weber/

http://uregina.ca/~gingrich/wqw03.htm

https://www.britannica.com/topic/bureaucracy

https://archive.law.upenn.edu/institutes/cerl/conferences/ethicsofsecrecy/papers/reading/Weber.pdf

https://ccsuniversity.ac.in/bridge-library/pdf/Sociological Theory%20Ritzer.pdf

Pedagogy Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Suggested Activities

Unit 1

- 1. Students can be made to sit in groups and discuss about the hierarchy of sciences that is seen in today's India importance attached to Science, Technology, Engineering and Medicine (STEM) courses vis a vis social sciences and humanities using data from Ministry of Education (AISHE Survey results)
- 2. Group discussion/role play on the coexistence of religion and science of modern Indian by way of students' identifying such instances in their daily life
- 3. Presentation by students on consequences of accepting social evolution theory and its implication on welfare schemes
- 4. Group discussion on how modern societies can be categorised in comparison with Spencer's typology.

Teachers may help the students through preparation and distribution of a handout (limited to one typed page) or a brief introductory lecture before group discussion or presentation by students and encourage them to actively discuss, take notes and present group's ideas by rotation. It is preferable to form separate groups frequently so that students will have a chance to interact with as many as possible.

Unit 2

- 1. Students can be encouraged to interact with a cross section of workers like industrial labourers, artisans, folk artists etc. and present their life experience to understand the relevance of economic determinism and alienation and present it as an assignment/presentation before their friends
- 5. Students can be shown/encouraged to see movies which help in the understanding of concepts of alienation and struggle like Puttakkana Highway

and present their ideas in the form of presentation/written assignments within 500-750 words

6. Students can be shown/encouraged to see movies which help in the understanding of group dynamics. Movies having very common themes of one male lead actor-two female lead actors or vice versa, entry of third person in the life of couple or friends etc. can be used present their ideas in the form of presentation/written assignments within 500-750 words

Unit 3

- 1. Ask the students to imagine themselves as one of the above thinkers and write an application to the post of professor in a university by giving brief bio-data, contributions to the field of sociology, their strengths, criticism of their work and answer to their critics. This can either be an individual activity or group activity.
- 7. Students can discuss and write a report about primary values of their own religion and how those values have impacted the economic activities in their own community.
- 8. Movies like Tabarana Kathe can be screened and discussed to understand the principle of iron cage of bureaucracy which was explained by Max Weber
- 9. Mapping of types of authority over the Indian political system can be discussed to understand the dynamics of tradition and change

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Activities	25	
Written Test	15	
Total	40	

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Dr Ramegowda A
Subject Committee Chairperson

Date 6/9/21

Course Co-ordinator

Semester II

Course Title: Sociology of Rural Life in India						
Total Contact Hours: 45 Course Credits: 3						
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours					
Model Syllabus Authors: Summative Assessment						

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Understand the myths and realities of village India constructed by Western scholars
- 2. Understand the changes in land tenure systems and consequences
- 3. Appreciate the role of traditional social institutions and how they have responded to forces of change
- 4. Make an informed analysis of various development programmes and challenges encountered

Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Outcomes (COs) with Program Outcomes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs)/ Program Outcomes (POs)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Understand the myths and realities of village India constructed by Western scholars	X	X		X	Х	X		X	X
Understand the changes in land tenure systems and consequences	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Appreciate the role of traditional social institutions and how they have responded to forces of change			X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Make an informed analysis of various development programmes and challenges encountered		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
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Course Articulation Matrix relates course outcomes of course with the corresponding program outcomes whose attainment is attempted in this course. Mark 'X' in the intersection cell if a course outcome addresses a particular program outcome.

Content of Course 4: Sociology of Rural Life in India		
Unit 1 Rural and Agrarian Social Structure	15	
Chapter 1 Social Construction of Rural Societies: Myth and Reality (M		
N Srinivas)		
Chapter 2: Agrarian Social Structure: Land Tenure Systems (Colonial		
Period); Post-Independence Indian Land Reform Laws		
Chapter 3 Commercialisation of Agriculture; Commodification of		
Land; Emergence of Online and Virtual Commodity Markets - Features		
and Impact on Traditional Sellers and Buyers		
Unit 2 Themes of Rural Society in India	15	
Chapter 4 Rural Caste and Class Structure: Gender and Agrarian		
Relations		
Chapter No. 5: Impact of Panchayat Raj System and Rural Politics		
Chapter No. 6: Actors in Market - Weekly Fairs, Trading Castes,		
Emerging Trading Classes and Key Role of Intermediaries		
Unit 3 Rural Development	15	
Chapter 7 Induced Intervention: PURA, MGNREGA, Swach Bharat		
Abhiyan, Akshara Dasoha, Water and Land Development Efforts;		
National Rural Livelihood Mission		
Chapter 8 Impact of Panchayat Raj System and Rural Politics		
Chapter 9 Challenges to Sustainable Rural Development: Casteism,		
Factional Politics, Natural Calamities (Droughts and Floods), Utilisation		
of Water, Fertilisers and Pesticides		

Text Books

Desai, A R 1977, Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay

Doshi, S L and Jain P C 1999, Rural Sociology, Rawat Publications, Jaipur

Gouda, M Sateesh, Khan, A G and Hiremath, S L 2019, Spouse Abusal in India: A Regional Scenario, GRIN Publishing, Munich

Indira R 2011, Themes in Sociology of Indian Education, Sage Publications, Delhi Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in General Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad

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Singh, Katar 2009 Rural Development: Principles, Policies and Management, Sage Publications, New Delhi

Srinivas, M N 1960, The Myth of Self-Sufficiency of Indian Village, Economic Weekly, September 10, Pp.1375-78 (https://www.epw.in/system/files/pdf/1954-6/22/village_studies.pdf)

ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು) ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ(ವಿಷಯವಾರು ವಿಶ್ವಕೋಶ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು

ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೧೯೯೪, ಕುಟುಂಬ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು

ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೨೦೦೦ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರಣ) ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು

ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೫ ಭಾರತದ ನಗರ ಸಮಾಜ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ

ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ

ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ ನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು

ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು

ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ್ ಎಂ ಎನ್ (೨೦೧೮) ಆಧುನಿಕ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಬದಲಾವಣೆ, ಅನುವಾದ - ಇಂದಿರ, ಆರ್

(ಸಂ) ರಾಷ್ಟೀಯ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಮೈಸೂರು

References

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Bogpl module domain name%5D=asc&sort%5Bcreated%5D=desc Website of Government of India related to data on rural development programmes and their beneficiaries

https://www.india.gov.in/topics/rural Government of India portal on Rural areas

https://www.epw.in/system/files/pdf/1954_6/22/village_studies.pdf An Article by M N Srinivas on Village Studies

https://www.epw.in/system/files/pdf/1960_12/37/
the myth of selfsufficiency of the indian village.pdf An Article by Srinivas M N and A M
Shah on The Myth of the Self-Sufficiency of Indian Village

https://economics.mit.edu/files/511 An Article by Abhijit Banerjee and Lakshmi Iyer on - History, Institutions and Economic Performance: The Legacy of Land Tenure Systems in India

http://www.isec.ac.in/Social%20Change-2015-Vaddiraju-605-12.pdf Agricultural Labour and Gender Dimension: A Note

http://agropedia.iitk.ac.in/content/panchayati-raj-rural-development-perspective

https://niti.gov.in/planningcommission.gov.in/docs/plans/stateplan/sdr_punjab/sdrpun_ch5.pdf A Niti Aayog Report

Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Rural Agrarian Structure

- 1. Students can write a note on the social history of their village or nearby village by talking to the elders and compare notes to discuss about M N Srinivas' argument on social construction of village communities
- 2. A report on presence or absence of beneficiaries of land to tiller programme can be prepared to understand the success of land reform laws
- 3. Opinion of villagers can be collected on the impact of converting agricultural land to residential layouts or other commercial purposes. This can be in the form of case study or taking a small purposive sample. Students can assess the impact of dreaming (sell land and become rich) and the reality (becoming rich or end losing one's livelihood)

Unit 2: Themes of Rural Society in India

1. A visit or two to the nearest weekly market and document the diversity and local flavour in terms of goods sold, traders and buyers' place of origin etc. can be documented systematically

- 4. Impact of online markets on the life of villagers selling their products like fish or agricultural commodity, economic benefits and social advantages etc. can be collected and presented
- 5. Big retailers like Jiomart, Big Basket, Amazon Pantry have entered both rural and urban markets to supply vegetables, fruits, milk etc. What are the possible results of this entry of corporate retailers on neighbourhood vendors? How does it affect both the seller and buyer?

Unit 3: Rural Development

- 1. Students can be asked to collect data on why do people opt to work under the MGNREGA scheme? Did they have any choice? How this scheme has helped them? When the program is not in operation, how do they manage their livelihood? A systematic presentation will help them in understanding the harsh realities of life
- 6. We know that the level of participation among villagers is very high when elections to local bodies take place when compared to assembly or parliamentary elections. Students can find out the reasons for this asymmetrical participation and understand the role of casteism, factionalism, bonds of kinship etc.
- 7. Political actors raise issues to get votes, gain following and attract the public. Students can do an exercise to list all those issues and categorise them under different headings like Issues that bring about real change in people's lives, give people a sense of their own power, emotional appeal, issues that affect their existence etc. and provide reasons for their categorisation.

8. How people rebuild their life when they are affected by droughts/floods or relocated or displaced? Case studies or small sample surveys can be conducted and report presented in the class room along with their impressions and suggestions.

Apart from the above,

- 1. Students may be asked to assess Self help groups, Stree Shakti units, or to assess women's participation in rural administration
- 2. Information on village sanitation, water facilities, irrigation, etc may be collected.
- 3. An assessment of recent programmes, policies, and developments took place in the villages may be done by the students.
- 4. Resource mapping, Problem identification, problem solving activities may be assigned to the students.
- 5. Comparative of analysis of villages and urban areas, enumeration of rural customs and practices may be advised.

Pedagogy: Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Formative Assessment				
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks			
Activities	25			
Written Test	15			
Total	40			

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Dr Ramegowda A
Subject Committee Chairperson

Date 6/9/21

Course Co-ordinator

Open Elective Paper

Title of the Course: Any one open elective paper

BA Semester 1

Title of the Course:

OE Course 1: Indian Society: Continuity and Change		OE Course 1: Sociology of Everyday Life		
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	
3	45	3	45	

OE Course 2 : Society Through Gender Lens		OE Course 2: Social Development in India		
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/ semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	
3	45	3	45	

B.A. Semester I - Open Elective 1

Course Title: Indian Society: Continuity and Change			
Total Contact Hours: 45 Course Credits: 3			
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours		
Model Syllabus Authors: Summative Assessment Marks			

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Analyse the nature and direction of change in Indian society, basically from traditional to modernity of Social Institutions.
- 2. Understand the Indicators of change and participation in democratic process.
- 3. Examine the changing conditions of socially excluded groups through movement for social justice.
- 4. To critically look at the two way street of globalisation and its impact on Indian society and communicate in clear terms
- 5. Communicate critical observations with clarity

Content of Open Elective Course 1- Indian Society: Continuity and Change	45 Hrs
Unit 1 Traditions in Transition	15
Chapter 1: The Nature and Direction of Change in Indian Society	
Chapter 2 The Changing Face of Indian Social Institutions: Family,	
Caste, Polity and Economy	
Chapter 3 The Rural-Urban Divide: Infrastructure, Education, Health and	
Local Governance	
Unit 2 Movements for Social Justice	15
Chapter 4 A Background View: Role of the Constitution of India and	
Legislation	
Chapter 5 Backward Classes and Dalit Movements	
Chapter 6 New Social Movements: LGBTQ, Civil Rights, Ecological,	
Anticorruption Movements	
Unit 3 India in the Globalisation Era	15
Chapter 7 Opportunities for Social Mobility for Scheduled Castes,	
Scheduled Tribes and Women	
Chapter 8 Globalisation and Indian Culture: Impact on Food Habits,	
Language, Ideas and Life Styles	
Chapter 9 Globalisation and Social Values: Impact on Youth and their	
World View, Changing Landscape of Love and Marriage, Impact on	
Familial Relationships and Understanding Others	

Text Books

Ahuja, Ram 1993, Indian Social System, Rawat Publications, Jaipur

Ambedkar, B R 1948, The Untouchable: Who are they and Why they become Untouchable? Amrith Book Co., New Delhi

Beteille, Andre 1965, Caste, Class and Power, University of California Press, Berkeley Das, Veena 2004, Handbook of Indian Sociology, Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Dube, S C 1991, Indian Society, National Book Trust, New Delhi

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Mandelbaum, D G 1970, Society in India, University of California Press, Berkeley Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in Indian Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad Shah, A M 1973, The Household Dimension of Family in India, Orient Longman, New Delhi

Singh, Yogendra 1984, Moodernisation of Indian Tradition, Rawat Publications, Jaipur Srinivas, M N 1992, Social Change in Modern India, Orient Longman, New Delhi Srinivas, M N 1962, Caste in Modern India and Other Essays, Asia Publishing House, Bombay

ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೧೯೯೫ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೦, ಮಹಿಳೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕೌಟುಂಬಿಕ ಹಿಂಸೆ, ಯಶೋದ ರಾಗೌ ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೭ ಸ್ತ್ರೀವಾದ ದಿಕ್ಸೂಚಿ, ಕನ್ನಡ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಹಂಪಿ ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೭ ಮಾನುಷಿ (ಪ್ರಜಾನುಡಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2002-2006 ರವರೆಗೆ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ಅಂಕಣ ಬರಹಗಳ ಸಂಕಲನ), ಸಾರಾ ಎಂಟಪ್ರ್ಮೆ ಸಸ್, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು) ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ(ವಿಷಯವಾರು ವಿಶ್ವಕೋಶ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೬, ಹೆಣ್ಣು, ಹಕ್ಕು ಮತ್ತು ಹೋರಾಟ (ಪ್ರಜಾವಾಣಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2009-2013 ರ ವರೆಗೆ ಹೊಸದಾರಿ ಅಂಕಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿತವಾದ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತ ಬರಹಗಳು), ಪ್ರಗತಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮೈಸೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೧೯೯೪, ಕುಟುಂಬ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೨೦೦೦ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರಣ) ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೫ ಭಾರತದ ನಗರ ಸಮಾಜ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೫ ಭಾರತದ ನಗರ ಸಮಾಜ ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಭಾರತದ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆಗಳು, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜದ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ ೨೦೧೮, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ್ ನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು

ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ್ ಎಂ ಎನ್ (೨೦೧೮) ಆಧುನಿಕ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಬದಲಾವಣೆ, ಅನುವಾದ - ಇಂದಿರ, ಆರ್ (ಸಂ) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಮೈಸೂರು

Reference Works:

https://www.un.org/development/desa/youth/wp-content/uploads/sites/ 21/2019/08/WYP2019 10-Key-Messages GZ 8AUG19.pdf

https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/38348 Globalisation and Culture: The Three H Scenarios

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http://employmentnews.gov.in/newemp/MoreContentNew.aspx? n=SpecialContent&k=53 An article on Yoga and its world wide popularity

https://www.wionews.com/south-asia/yoga-indias-new-cultural-tool-of-global-dominance-17104

https://theprint.in/world/indian-food-fourth-most-popular-in-the-world-a-study-of-cuisine-trade-finds/283119/

Pedagogy: Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Traditions in Transition

- 1. Students can be made to interview their grand parents, elderly people in their family/neighbourhood to map the changes in social norms and values.
- 2. A project on dynamics of decision making in family related to spending money, marriage, education etc can be done and presented in the class room. Students should support their conclusions by way of instances they observed in their families and highlight the change and continuity
- 3. Data sheets can be used to discuss about the rural-urban divide and identify the reasons for the gap

4. Students can narrate/document their own experiences with respect to availability of infrastructure, health facilities, educational facilities etc. in their own villages or places of residence

5. A project on participation of common people in the local governance

Unit 2: Movements for Social Justice

- 1. "10th AISHE results for 2019-20 show that Gross Enrolment Ratio in the age group of 18-23 years as 27.1%. At Undergraduate level, the highest number of students at 32.7 per cent are enrolled in Arts/Humanities/Social Sciences courses followed by Science (16 per cent), Commerce (14.9) and Engineering and Technology (12.6). Whereas, at Ph.D. level, maximum number of students are enrolled in Engineering and Technology stream followed by Science." Students can discuss about How can we understand this data in terms of social justice and accessibility to higher education? Does this mean that 27.1% are privileged? Or, can we say that there is differential privilege among the students of arts/humanities, Science and Commerce?
- 6. Students can be assigned to write a report of about 500-750 words on any one social movement like LGBTQ activists, environmentalists, Dalit activists etc.with emphasis on objectives and social impact

Unit 3: India in the Globalisation Era

- 1. Preferences and changes in food habits of persons belonging to different age groups can be mapped to identify the factors responsible for changing food habits or dressing styles and presented for discussion in the class room by students
- 7. Yoga has become very popular across regions, communities and religions. Students can discuss and present their conclusions on, whether the spread of yoga can be called as globalisation? Also they can discuss about the nature of this phenomena (spiritual or physical exercise or choice of healthy life style) and its impact on Yoga as originally taught by ancient Indians. Similar exercises can be conducted on Ayurveda, Indian music, Indian food etc.
- 8. Students can discuss, note and present their reasons for extent and intensity of influence of English, Hindi, Tamil and Telugu languages on Kannada by way of

analysing their usage in day to day language, in television programs etc. and its impact on Kannada as a language

- 9. "Family as an institution is changing towards more equalitarian relationships" students can be asked to assess this statement in the background of their personal experience, write and present their report
- 10. According to a study by 2050, India's elderly population will rise to 13% and will not be a young nation. In this context, teacher can elicit students' opinion about what social values should govern our behaviour towards elderly and aged, to understand their world view
- 11. We are living in an era of internet physically distant yett socially connected. A group discussion can be conducted to understand the extent of acceptance/non-acceptance of Others (not belonging to one's group)

Pedagogy: Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Activities	25
Written Test	15
Total	40

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Date: 06/09/21

Course Co-ordinator

Dr Ramegowda A
Subject Committee Chairperson

B.A. Semester I: Open Elective 1

Course Title: Sociology of Everyday	Life
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 60

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Look at the familiar world from a new perspective
- 2. Able to appreciate how our social world is constructed
- 3. Able to communicate effectively in written and oral formats

Content of Open Elective Course 1: Sociology of Everyday Life	
Unit 1 Introduction	
Chapter 1: Sociology as a study of Social Interaction and its Need	
Chapter 2: Everyday Life - Meaning; Why Study Everyday Life?	
(Contributions of Erving Goffman and Anthony Giddens); Role of	
Socialisation in establishing habits and practices- action, thinking and	
feeling	
Chapter 3: Social Institutions as Established Practices and Customs -	
Definition and Elements; Challenges and Problems of Everyday Life	
Unit 2 Self and Society	
Chapter 4: Definition of Situation (W I Thomas' Principle)	
Chapter 5: The Looking-Glass Self; Relation between Individual and	
Society	
Chapter 6: Role of Social Media in Constructing Self and Identity	:
Unit 3 Culture in Everyday Life	15
Chapter 7 Definition of Culture; Types of Culture: High Culture, Popular	
Culture, Recorded Culture and Lived Culture	
Chapter 8: Mass Media and Everyday Life	
Chapter 9: Globalisation and Cultural Diffusion	

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Corrigall-Brown, Catherine 2020, Imagining Sociology: An Introduction with Readings, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, Canada

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MacIver R M and Page C M 1974, Society: An Introductory Analysis, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi

Macionis, John 2018, Sociology Global Edition, Pearson, England
Merton, R K 1968, Social Theory and Social Structure, The Free Press, Glencoe
Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in General Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad
Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in Indian Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad
Ritzer, George and W W Murphy, 2020, Introduction to Sociology, 5th edition, Sage
Publications, New Delhi

ನಾಗೇಶ್ ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ (ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಭಾರತೀಯ), ೧೯೯೮, ಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೨೦೦೦ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರಣ) ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೭ ಪಾಶ್ಚಾತ್ಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಚಿಂತನೆ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಮುಳುಗುಂದ, ಐ ಸಿ ೨೦೧೮ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ, ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಧಾರವಾಡ ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ್ ನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು Page 51 of 65

Suggested Internet Resources

http://www.csun.edu/~hbsoc126/soc1/Charles%20Horton%20Cooley.pdf

https://www.khanacademy.org/test-prep/mcat/individuals-and-society/self-identity/v/charles-cooley-looking-glass-self

https://www.oxfordbibliographies.com/view/document/obo-9780199756384/obo-9780199756384-0186.xml An article on Habit

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/alamo-sociology/chapter/reading-pop-culture-subculture-and-cultural-change/

https://en.wikisource.org/wiki/Body Ritual among the Nacirema This is an excellent article on how a group of people take care of their body everyday of their life.

Pedagogy : Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Introduction

- 1. Students can be asked to answer a simple question Who am I? They have to write describe themselves in 20 words/sentences. Students can write in any order, logic or importance. Their answers can be utilised to demonstrate how we are socialised by our interaction with others, mass media, family and educational system. Privacy of students has to be respected, however.
- 2. Students can be sent to a book store and asked to browse through children's books and identify how those stories depict different roles description of the hero/heroine, villain/vamp, beggar or king
- 3. Students can visit a kids clothing store and record gender classification of dresses based on colour, design, style and fabric.

Unit 2: Perception is Reality

1. Think of a Self Fulfilling Prophecy you have experienced. Does it confirm Thomas' theorem? Illustrate with current examples

4. Students can share their thoughts about how they feel and become conscious about oneself when they (a) wear a new dress, (b) dress out of their way, (c) dress outrageously

5. Students can list the reasons for choosing their display picture in their social media accounts (any one or two accounts) and a discussion can follow about the need for validation by others, especially strangers

Unit 3: Culture in Everyday Life

- 1. This is an activity for group discussion. Students are given few statements and they have to discuss among themselves and arrive at unanimous opinion about whether following can be called as culture or not:
 - a. Classical dance and music constitutes culture
 - b. Folk literature is a part of culture
 - c. Pickpocketing is part of culture
 - d. Newspapers and magazines are part of culture
 - e. Killing is an art; therefore it is part of culture

Please note: Students should be clearly cautioned that, if they do not arrive at unanimous decision, then the whole group will stand to lose points in evaluation. (This is an exercise which demonstrates the leadership, ability to adjust to the group's opinion, convincing capacity of students apart from reasoning, logic and presentation skills. This can also be used as an example to illustrate the concept of oversocialisation given by Durkheim).

- 2. Can we call the popularity of tandoori chicken or vada pav an example for globalisation? Students should be encouraged to give their reasons for their answer (https://www.timesnownews.com/the-buzz/article/this-dish-has-topped-the-global-list-of-most-searched-indian-food/548297
 This news item can be used to generate discussion)
- 3. In the theatre actors routinely perform different roles. Do pubic figures, celebrities, political parties, or corporate bodies, in the media, alter their role playing according to the context or audience?

Pedagogy: Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Formative Assessment				
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks			
Activities	25			
Written Test	15			
Total	40			

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Course Co-ordinator

Date: 06/09/21

Dr Ramegowda A
Subject Committee Chairperson

B.A. Semester II - Open Elective 2

Course Title: Society Through Gender Lens		
Total Contact Hours: 45 Course Credits: 3		
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours	
Model Syllabus Authors: Summative Assessment Marks: 60		

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Understand the role of socialisation as a constructor of gender roles and status
- 2. Appreciate the role of defining one's self identity in terms of gender
- 3. Identify the gender bias and discrimination present in everyday social structure
- 4. Take informed decisions about addressing gender justice issues

Content of Open Elective 2: Society Through Gender Lens	
Unit 1 Social Construction of Gender	
Chapter 1 Gender and Sex, Patriarchy, Gender Relations, Gender	
Discrimination, Gender Division of Labour	
Chapter 2 Gender Equality, Gender Neutrality, Androgyny, Gender	
Sensitivity	
Chapter 3 Gender Representation of Women and Third Gender in	
Indian Social Institutions	
Unit 2 Gender Representation and Violence	15
Chapter 4 Mass Media and Politics	
Chapter 5 Education, Employment and Health	
Chapter 6 Domestic Violence, Sexual Harassment at Work Place,	
Dowry, Rape, Dishonour Killing, Cyber Crime	
Unit 3 Addressing Gender Justice	13
Chapter 7 The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of	
Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW)	
Chapter 8 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment and Women's	
Empowerment	
Chapter 9 Right to self determination of gender - Supreme Court of	
India's Judgment in NLSA Vs Union of India and others (Writ Petition	
(Civil) No 400 of 2012)	

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Gouda, M Sateesh, Khan, A G and Hiremath, S L 2019, Spouse Abusal in India: A Regional Scenario, GRIN Publishing, Munich

Harlambos, M and R M Heald, 1980, Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Oxford University Press, Delhi

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ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೧೯೯೫ ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೦, ಮಹಿಳೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕೌಟುಂಬಿಕ ಹಿಂಸೆ, ಯಶೋದ ರಾಗೌ ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೭ ಸ್ಟ್ರೀವಾದ ದಿಕ್ಸೂಚಿ, ಕನ್ನಡ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಹಂಪಿ ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೦೭ ಮಾನುಷಿ (ಪ್ರಜಾನುಡಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2002-2006 ರವರೆಗೆ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ಅಂಕಣ ಬರಹಗಳ ಸಂಕಲನ), ಸಾರಾ ಎಂಟಪ್ರೈ ಸಸ್, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು) ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ(ವಿಷಯವಾರು ವಿಶ್ವಕೋಶ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೬, ಹೆಣ್ಣು, ಹಕ್ಕು ಮತ್ತು ಹೋರಾಟ (ಪ್ರಜಾವಾಣಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2009-2013 ರ ವರೆಗೆ ಹೊಸದಾರಿ ಅಂಕಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿತವಾದ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತ ಬರಹಗಳು), ಪ್ರಗತಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮೈಸೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೧೯೯೪, ಕುಟುಂಬ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ ನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶ್ರೇನಿವಾಸ್ ಎಂ ಎನ್ (೨೦೧೮) ಆಧುನಿಕ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಬದಲಾವಣೆ, ಅನುವಾದ - ಇಂದಿರ, ಆರ್ (ಸಂ) ರಾಷ್ಕ್ರೀಯ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಮೈಸೂರು

Reference Works

Unit 1: Social Construction of Gender

1.https://web.stanford.edu/~eckert/PDF/Chap1.pdf An Introduction to Gender

- 2. https://www.unicef.org/rosa/media/1761/file/Gender%20glossary%20of%20terms%20and%20concepts%20.pdf Gender Equality: Glossary of Terms and Concepts
- 3. https://www.coe.int/en/web/gender-matters/sex-and-gender
- 4. https://opentextbc.ca/introductiontosociology/chapter/chapter12-gender-sex-and-sexuality/

Unit 2: Gender Representation and Violence

https://hbr.org/2019/06/tackling-the-underrepresentation-of-women-in-mediahttps://gsdrc.org/topic-guides/gender/gender-and-media/

https://www.unwomen.org/en/digital-library/multimedia/2020/2/infographic-visualizing-the-data-womens-representation

https://www.unwomen.org/en/what-we-do/leadership-and-political-participation/facts-and-figures

https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/government-and-opposition/information/gender-and-political-representation

https://www.oxfordhandbooks.com/view/10.1093/oxfordhb/ 9780199751457.001.0001/oxfordhb-9780199751457-e-34

Unit 3: Addressing Gender Justice

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/National Legal Services Authority v. Union of India
https://web.archive.org/web/20140527105348/http://supremecourtofindia.nic.in/
outtoday/wc40012.pdf

https://www.equalrightstrust.org/news/indian-supreme-court-recognises-right-self-identify-third-gender

https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/236436832.pdf Third Gender Rights: Right to Equality

https://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/A2013-14.pdf THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

https://www.mondaq.com/india/employee-rights-labour-relations/876830/sexual-harassment-of-women-at-workplace-a-brief-analysis-of-the-posh-act-2013
https://vikaspedia.in/social-welfare/women-and-child-development/women-development-1/meera-didi-se-poocho/sexual-harassment-at-work-place
https://www.education.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/upload_document/74amend.pdf

Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Social Construction of Gender

- 1. Ask the students to answer the question Why am I a boy or girl? Their answers lead to the question or discussion on Do I identify myself as boy or girl because of physical features or social behaviour? What moulds our social behaviour? Finally the role of socialisation and social construction of gender can be explained
- 12. Movies like Naanu avanalla, avalu can be screened/discussed to understand the social construction of reality

Unit 2: Gender Representation and Violence

- 1. Students can be asked to write a report on portrayal of women, men and third gender in print media, television, cinema and magazines.
- 13. https://theprint.in/features/art-life-and-bollywoods-role-in-violence-against-women/331977/ This article can be used to generate a discussion on role of Bollywood in violence against women
- 14. https://www.deccanherald.com/entertainment/where-are-kannada-cinemas-strong-women-762811.html State of Sandalwood and women such articles can be used to generate discussion and sensitise
- 15. Students can prepare a survey report about the composition of their political representatives at different levels, assess the political representation of different genders and the reasons behind such representation or absence
- 16. Prepare case studies about personally experienced instances of domestic violence, sexual harassment, dowry. Can also collate data about dishonour killing in various parts of the country for last few years or so

Pedagogy : Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Formative Assessment	
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks
Activities	25
Written Test	15
Total	40

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Date: 06/09/21

Course Co-ordinator

*Dr Ramegowda A*Subject Committee Chairperson

B.A. Semester II - Open Elective 2

Course Title: Social Development in India		
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3	
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 hours	
Model Syllabus Authors:	Summative Assessment Marks: 60	

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

(Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

- 1. Distinguish between growth and development
- 2. Appreciate the importance of social component of development
- 3. Appreciate the need for sustainable and inclusive human development
- 4. Recognise the necessity for focus on changing social values to realise the full potential of growth

Content of Open Elective 2: Social Development in India	
Unit 1 Social Change and Development	15
Chapter 1 Rethinking Development: From economic development	
to social development and Human Development Index (HDI);	
Importance of Social Development	 - -
Chapter 2 Development: Concept - changes in values and social	
relations as development; S C Dube's contributions; Importance of	
Social Development	
Chapter 3 Indian thinking about Social Development - Swami	
Vivekananda, Ravindranath Tagore, M K Gandhi and Dr B R	
Ambedkar	
Unit 2 Components of Social Development	
Chapter 4 Political Freedom, Economic Facilities	
Chapter 5: Social Opportunities, Transparency, Security	
Unit 3 Challenges to Social Development	15
Chapter 6 Sustainable and Inclusive Development, Environmental	
Sustainability	
Chapter 7 Responsible Private Corporations, Redressing Regional	
Imbalance, Harnessing Demographic Dividend	

Text Books

So, Alvin Y 1990 Social Change and Development . Sage Publication.

Sen, Amartya 1999 Development as Freedom, Oxford University Press, Delhi

Rai, Hirendranath 2013 Economic Thinking of Swami Vivekananda, Mahatma Gandhi and Ravindranath Tagore: Advaita Ashrama Calcutta

Dayal, P 2006 Gandhian Theory of Reconstruction. Atlantic

Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in General Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad

Mulagund, I C 2008 Readings in Indian Sociology, Srushti Prakashana, Dharwad

Pearson, PW 1996 Post – Development Theory. Sage Publication

Srivatsava S P 1998 The Development Debate. Rawat Publication ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು) ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ(ವಿಷಯವಾರು ವಿಶ್ವಕೋಶ) ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು ಇಂದಿರಾ, ಆರ್ ೨೦೧೬, ಹೆಣ್ಣು, ಹಕ್ಕು ಮತ್ತು ಹೋರಾಟ (ಪ್ರಜಾವಾಣಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 2009-2013 ರ ವರೆಗೆ ಹೊಸದಾರಿ ಅಂಕಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿತವಾದ ಲಿಂಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತ ಬರಹಗಳು), ಪ್ರಗತಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮೈಸೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೧೯೯೪, ಕುಟುಂಬ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಾಗೇಶ್, ಹೆಚ್ ವಿ ೨೦೦೦ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರಣ) ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕನ್ನಡ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ದಶ್ ನ ಭಾಗ ೨, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಶಂಕರ ರಾವ್, ಚ ನ ೨೦೧೨ (ಪರಿಷ್ಕೃತ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸಮಾಜ, ಜಯಭಾರತ ಪ್ರಕಾಶನ, ಮಂಗಳೂರು

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https://blogs.lse.ac.uk/southasia/2016/01/13/5689/ Top 100 economic and development challenges for India 220016

http://dotcue.net/swtn/upload_newfiles/2.SocialDevelopment-TheConcept.pdf
https://uk.sagepub.com/sites/default/files/upm-assets/57961_book_item_57961.pdf
Defining Social Development

http://www.gsdrc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/SD HD.pdf Social Development and Human Development

http://csdindia.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/10/Working-Paper-Impact-of-Economic-Growth-on-Social-Development-2017.pdf

https://documents.worldbank.org/en/publication/documents-reports/documentdetail/200011468764675475/social-development-is-economic-development

https://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/sites/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/content/component/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/content/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en/index.html?itemId=/c0ntent/c1265e4f-en

https://www.asiancenturyinstitute.com/development/333-amartya-sen-on-developmentas-freedom

https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/publication/29778/social-exclusion.pdf

https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35886/files/op7-conceptualizing-inclusive-development.pdf

Suggested Activities

Unit 1: Social Change and Development

- 1. https://www.indiaspend.com/fewer-girls-born-in-northern-western-and-richer-indian-states-79517/ The link is a news item about economically rich states of India having fewer girls born. Provides useful data to show that economic growth is not development
- 2. https://www.statista.com/statistics/633011/reported-dowry-death-cases-by-state-india/ This link provides data for dowry deaths in different states of India for the year 2019. This can be used to demonstrate the gap between growth and desired change in social values
- 3. https://censusindia.gov.in/2011-prov-results/data_files/india/Final_PPT_2011_chapter6.pdf State of Literacy Report by Census of India authority. Once again, data in this document can be used for different purposes to generate discussion on need for social development and inadequacy of economic growth

Unit 2: Components of Social Development

- 1. A project on life chances and social opportunities can be conducted within the college or across colleges to understand its influence on educational attainments
- 4. Micro projects can be assigned to understand the Sustainable Development Goals
- 5. Filing RTI application: to help students to learn how to file an application, procedure involved and problems they may face can be experienced and presented in the class room

Unit 3: Social Development: Challenges and Crisis

1. Students can be asked to visit a slum, nearby village or tribal area and collect data about lack or presence of social infrastructure and their quality to assess the

inclusive/exclusive nature of development. Teachers can assign this to individual/ group of students and ask them to present their findings. Students can also be encouraged to take photos or make videos and an exhibition can be arranged in the college

- 6. Different Development Reports can be used to present a writeup on regional imbalances at different levels (international, national, statewide or even within one's city/town/village). Students' writeup can contain indicators uses, graphs and explanations apart from photos/videos.
- 7. Activity (2) can be combined with those listed under Unit 1

Pedagogy: Field work, micro projects, group discussion, role play, written/oral presentation by students

Formative Assessment		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
Activities	25	
Written Test	15	
Total	40	

Teachers can adopt best of three or best of five principle for both activities and written test

Date: 06/09/21

Course Co-ordinator

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