

Government of Karnataka

NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY 2020

CURRICULUM CONTENTS IN EARTH SCIENCE 2021-22

Undergraduate Course B.Sc., (Basic / Honours)

Davangere University Shivagangothri Davangere – 577 007

DEAN

CURRICULUM

Name of the Degree Program : BSc (Basic/Hons.)

Discipline Core : Earth Science

Total Credits for the Program : B.Sc. Basic - 136 and B.Sc. Hons. - 176

starting year of implementation : 2021-22

Program Outcomes:

Competencies need to be acquired by the candidate securing B.Sc. (Basic) or B.Sc. (Hons)

By the end of the program the students will be able to:

1. Understanding concepts of Earth science and demonstrate interdisciplinary skills.

- 2. Demonstrating the laboratory skills In crystallography, mineralogy, petrology, water analysis.
- 3. The syllabus is based on an to provide learning through problem solving and hands on training techniques.
- 4. To provide adequate basic understanding of Earth science and its uses among students.
- 5. Program aims to develop intellectual ability and geological skills through an appropriate blending of theoretical subject education, practical exercises and field training.
- 6. To provide basic knowledge, training, skills related to mapping, survey and Geological field work.
- 7. To develop appropriate skills in the students to make them competent to take up self employment in innovative geology related fields.

Assessment:

Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Type of Course	Formative Assessment / IA	Summative Assessment
Theory	40%	60%
Practical	40%	
Projects	40%	60%
Experiential Learning		60%
(Internships/MOOC/	40%	60%
Swayam etc.)		

Curriculum Structure for the Undergraduate Degree Program BSc (Basic / Hons.)

Total Credits for the Program : 176 Starting year of implementation : 2021-22

Name of the Degree Program : B.Sc. (Basic/Hons.)

Programme articulation matrix :

This matrix list only the core courses. Core courses are essential to earn the degree in the discipline/subject. They include courses such as theory, laboratory, project, field work, intership etc., Elective courses may be listed separately.

Semester	Title / Name of the course	Programme out comes that the course addresses (not more than three per course)	Pre requisite course (s)	Pedagogy	Assessments
1	DSC – 1T GEO 101 Earth System Science – Fundamentals 4 Credits 100 Marks	Understanding concept of the earth and its fundamental system.	PUC or +2 (science)	The General pedagogy to be followed for theory and practical are as under. Lecturing, tutorials, group/individual. Discussions, seminars, assignments, counseling,	

			remedial coaching.	
			Field work,	
			training, project demonstration, experimental	
			documentation, and innovative methods.	
	DSC – 1P GEO 101 Earth System Science – Fundamentals 2 Credits 50 Marks			
2	DSC – 2T GEO 102 Basics of crystallography,	Understanding concept of the Basics of Crystallography,		
	mineralogy and petrology 4 Credits 100 Marks	Mineralogy and Petrology. Demonstrating the laboratory skills in basic of crystal system, silicate structures, minerals and petrology.		

	DSC – 2P					
	GEO 102	!				
	Basics of crystallography,			}		
	mineralogy and petrology					
	2 Credits					
	50 Marks					
	DSC-3T					
	GEO 103					
	Principles of stratigraphy,					
	paleontology and geology			1		
	of India.					
	4 Credits					
	100 Marks					
3	DSC – 3P					
	GEO 103					
	Palentology and			1		
	stratigraphy 2 Credits			ļ		
	50 Marks					
	Joinarks					
	DSC-4T		·····		3	
	GEO 104	!				
	Structural Geology and					
	hydrogeology					
	4 Credits		}			
4	100 Marks					
	DSC-4P					
	GEO 104					
	Water analysis, Survey		}			

	and thin section making.				ž.
	2 Credits				
	50Marks	l			
	DSC - 5T				
	GEO 105				
	Environmental Science,				
	Geotectonics		}		
	3 Credits				
	100 Marks				
	DSC – 5P				
	GEO 105				
~	Stretural geology, field				
5	visit				
	2 Credits				
	50Marks				
	DSC-6T			1	
	GEO 106				
	Geochemistry, and			**	
	Mining Geology				
	3 Credits				
	100 Marks				
	DSC - 6P				
	GEO 106				
	Ore geology				
	2 Credits				
	50Marks				
	DSC – 7T				
	GEO 107				
	Applied Geophysics			ļ	·
	3 Credits				
	100 Marks				

6				Photo.			
	DSC – 7P		****				
	GEO 107						
	Applied Geophysics						
	2 Credits						
	50Marks						
	DSC – 8T			*****			
	GEO 108						
	Mineral Processing						
	including Marine Mineral						
	Resources						
	3 Credits						
	100 Marks	7577-	1000 ANNO FAMA	*****	4400		
	DSC – 8P						
	GEO 108						
	Economic Geology 2 Credits						
	50Marks						
	V CITAL ALO		**************************************			****	
	DCC OT						
7	DSC - 9T						
	GEO 109 Advanced						
	earth systems						
	3 Credits						
	100 Marks						
	DSC – 9P	VIII.	11111-1				
	GEO 109						
-	GIS and						
war constant	field visit 2 Credits	Section of the sectio					
	50Marks	***************************************					

	DSC – 10T	***************************************	1
	GEO 110		
	Oceanography and		
	Atmospheric Sciences		
	3 Credits	Çamının azayla	
~~~	100 Marks		
	DSC – 10P		VIII.
	GEO 110	A THE STATE OF THE	
	Image Analysis and		
	Geostatistics		
	2 Credits		
	50Marks		
	DSC – 11T		
	GEO 111		
	Advanced Petrology		
	Sciences		
	3 Credits		
	100 Marks		
	DSC – 11P		
-	GEO 111		
	Thin Section Petrology		
-in-	and petrochemistry		
Name of the Control o	2 Credits		
	50Marks		
	DSC – 12T	 	
	GEO 112		
8	Advanced Paleontology		
	3 Credits		
	100 Marks		
	100 Iviaik2		

		 	1
DSC – 12P			
GEO 112			
Advanced Paleontology			
2 Credits			
50Marks			
DSC – 13T	*		
GEO 113	7		
Analytical Techniques in			
Earth Science			
3 Credits			
100 Marks			
DSC – 13P			
GEO 113			
FTIR and Spectroscopic			
Techniques			2
2 Credits			
50Marks			
DSC – 14T			
GEO 114			
Evaluation and			
Management of Mineral			
Deposits			
OR			*
Nanogeoscience			
3 Credits			
100 Marks			

# BSc Earth Science (Basic Hons.) Semester 1

Course Title: DSC-1T, Earth System Science-Fundamentals					
	Course Credits: 4+2				
	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hrs				
	Summative Assessment Marks: 60%				

Course Pre-requisite(s): Mention only course titles from the curriculum that are needed to be taken by the students before registering for this course.

## Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student should be able to: (Write 3-7 course outcomes. Course outcomes are statements of observable student actions that serve as evidence of knowledge, skills and values acquired in this course)

# 1. Thorough knowledge and understanding of concepts of Earth science.

Course Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Outcomes (COs) with Program Outcomes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs) / Program Outcomes (POs)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. Thorough knowledge and understanding of concepts of Earth science												
2. Learning and practicing professional skills.												
3. Thorough knowledge and application of good laboratory and good field knowledge.		y-rooms 			4							

Course Articulation Matrix relates course outcomes of course with the corresponding program outcomes whose attainment is attempted in this course. Mark 'X' in the intersection cell if a course outcome addresses a particular program outcome.

#### BSc Earth Science (Basic Hons.) Semester 1

Title of the Courses:

Course 1: DSC- Earth system sciences

Course 2: OE- Basics of Earth System Sciences

Crystallograpl	C-2T, Basics of ny, Mineralogy strology	Course 2 : OE- Basics System Science	
Number of Theory	Number of lecture	Number of Theory	Number of lecture
Credits	hours/semester	Credits	hours/semester
4	56	3	42

Content of Course 1: Theory: DSC-1T 101 Earth system sciences

#### UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO EARTH SYSTEM SCIENCES

14 hrs

Definition and scope of earth system sciences. Branches of Earth Sciences. Systems concepts for earth system science - fundamental concepts of the five spheres (lithosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, biosphere and cryosphere). Energy balance. Interactions between the five spheres; hydrologic cycle; Biogeochemical cycles - carbon cycle; Hydrosphere-atmosphere: Oceanic current system and effect of Coriolis force. Concepts of eustasy. Atmospheric circulation. Weather and climatic changes.

The universe and solar system: Origin of the universe - Big bang theory. Solar system. Members of solar system – planets (Terrestrial and gaseous planets), satellite, comets, asteroids, meteorite.

Earth in the solar system. Size, shape, mass and density of the earth.

Origin of the Earth – Gaseous hypothesis, Nebular hypothesis, Planetesimal hypothesis, Tidal hypothesis, Supernova hypothesis, Interstellar or dust or meteoric hypothesis. Evolution of earth.

Age of the Earth: Geochronology; Absolute and relative methods; (a) Relative Methods - Sedimentation, Salinity method, varve chronology, Rate of cooling of earth. (a) Radiometric dating, atomic energy, decay scheme, half life, method - K-Ar; Rb-Sr; U-Pb, Pb-Pb. Age of the earth.

Earth's internal structures and its composition. Evidence for the Earth's composition and mineralogy – 1. Seismic data, 2. Density studies, 3. Meteorites. Earth's internal layers - Crust, mantle and core. Lithosphere, asthenosphere, mesosphere and barysphere.

#### 2: GEOMORPHOLOGY - I

14 hrs

Introduction:- Basic concepts of Geomorphology, Definition and scope, Geomorphic agents, Geomorphic processes; endogenetic (epigene) and exogenetic (hypogene). Land forms. Weathering - physical, chemical, biological.

Soil - Definition, Formation, Types of soils. Soil Profile.

Rivers and fluvial landforms:- Introduction, Development of rivers - Drainage system and patterns. Stages of rivers - Davi's concept; youth, mature, old. Geologial actions: Erosion - hydraulic action, abrasion, attrition, solution. Erosional landforms - Pot holes, V shaped valleys, gorges and canyons, waterfalls and types, river meanders, ox-bow lakes, river terraces, structural benches. Transportation - suspension , solution. Deposition and depositional landforms - alluvial fans and cones, flood plains, natural levees, deltas, channel deposits.

Wind and Aeolian landforms: Types of wind – Breeze, Gale, Tempest, Cyclone. Geological action of wind: Wind erosion - Deflation, abrasion, attrition. Erosional features - mushroom rocks, yardangs, Hamda, ventifacts, pedestal rocks, zeugen, milletseed sands. Transportation - suspension, saltation, traction. Deposition and depositional landforms - Sand dunes and types, Loess.

#### UNIT 3. GEOMORPHOLOGY - II

14hrs

Glaciers and glacial landforms. Growth and movement of glaciers. Types of glaciers – Mountain or valley glaciers, Piedmont glaciers, continental ice-sheets or ice caps. Glacier imprints. Geological action of glaciers; Erosional work by glaciers – Plucking/ Excavation, Frost wedging., Abrasion. Erosional landforms - Whaleback forms. Glacial valley - U shaped valley and V- shaped valley, Crag and Tail, Hanging valley, Cirques, Fiords, Arete, Cols, Horns, Roches Moutonnes. Transportation - glacial drift. Deposition and depositional landforms - Glacial Moraines and types, Drumlins, Kames, Eskers, Outwash plains, Kettles. Groundwater:- Meaning and components of groundwater. Geological action of groundwater: Erosion and erosional landforms (lapis, solution holes and associated features, poljes, caves and caverns: valleys of karst topography, natural bridges). Transportation; solution. Depositional work; concretions, stalactites and stalagmites,

Oceans and Coastal landforms:- Topography of ocean floor – continental slope, shelf, abyssal zone, mid-oceanic ridges. Geological action of oceans: Agents of coastal erosion; Waves, Tides, Currents and circulation of water. Process of marine erosion, erosional landforms (Headlands and Bays, Sea Cliffs, Wave-cut Terraces, Sea caves, stacks). Transportation. Depositional landforms (Beaches and barriers, wave built terraces, Spits and bars, Tombola). Corals - its types and origin.

#### **UNIT 4: GEODYNAMICS**

14 hrs

Introduction to Geodynamics. Origin of oceans, continents and mountains. Concepts and theories of isostasy. Concept of palaeomagnetism, application of palaeomagnetism. Continental drift. Sea floor spreading. Concept of plate tectonics. Nature and types of plate margins, Midoceanic ridges and trenches. Origin and distribution of Island arcs.

Earthquakes:- definition, Elements of an earthquake, types of earthquake waves, intensity and magnitude, seismographs and seismometers, causes and prediction of earthquake, Effects of earthquake, Seismic zones of India.

Volcanoes:- A typical volcano parts, volcanic activity, types of volcanoes, composition of lava, distribution of volcanoes. Volcanic landforms; depressed landforms: Volcanic cone (Cinder Cone), Volcanic craters, Calderas (Caldera Lake). Landforms due to the accumulation of lava: Volcanic mountains, Volcanic plateaus, Volcanic plains, Volcanic necks.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Duff, P. M. D., & Duff, D. (Eds.). (1993). Holmes' principles of physical geology. Taylor & Francis.
- 2. Emiliani, C. (1992). Planet earth: cosmology, geology, and the evolution of life and environment. Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Gross, M. G. (1977). Oceanography: A view of the earth.

- 4. Brian, J. S., Barbara, W.M., 2010. The Blue Planet: An Introduction to Earth System Science, 3rdEdition, Wiley.
- 5. Ernst, W.G., 2000. Earth Systems: Processes and Issues, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Sarah, E., Cornell, I., Prentice, C., Joanna, I.H., Catherine, J.D., 2012. Understanding the Earth
  - System Global Change Science for Application, Academic Press.
- 7. Jacobson, M., Charlson, R., Rodhe, H., Orians, G., 2000.Earth System Science: From Biogeochemical Cycles to Global Changes, Elsevier.
- 8. Ehlers, E., Krafft, T., 2006. Earth System Science in the Anthropocene, Springer.
- 9. Jacobson, M. C., Charlson, R. J., Rodhe, H., and Orians, G. H., 2000, Earth System Science: San Diego, CA, Academic Press, 523 p., ISBN 0-12-379370-X
- 10. The Earth System, Lee R. Kump, James F. Kasting, and Robert G Crane; Prentice Hall, 2nd Ed., 2004.
- 11. Principles of Geology Arthur Holmes
- 12. Physical Geology Longwell & Flient
- 13. General Geology Radhakrishnan. Y
- 14. The Dynamic Earth Wyllie. P.J
- 15. The way earth works Wyllie. P.J
- 16. Physical Geology Springfield
- 17. Geomorphology Thornbury
- 18. Geomorphology Davies
- 19. Physical Geography Today Muller & Oberlander

## I SEMESTER B.Sc. /B.Sc., Hon. DEGREE PROGRAMME EARTH SCIENCE

#### DSC/P-1: PRACTICAL-1

**Total Teaching Hours: 56** 

LTP/Credits: /2

Teaching Hours/Week: 4 Exam. Duration: 4 Hrs.

1. Introduction to maps. Study of maps. Types of maps. Types of scale. 1 Practical 2. Reading topographical maps of the Survey of India; Detailed study of topographic 2Practicals sheets 1Practicals 3. Preparation of topographical map 2 practical 4. Identification of drainage patterns 2Practicals 5. Preparation of LU/LC maps. 2Practicals 6. Study of soil profile and determination of soil texture 7. Study of major geomorphic features and their relationships with outcrops through physiographic models and also using lens stereoscope and mirror stereoscope. 3 Practicals 8. Field visit to a place of geological/geomorphological interest and report 1 Practical Submission at the time of practical examinaton

### **OPEN ELECTIVE PAPER O.E. – 1 (3 Credits)**

## **Basics of Earth System Sciences**

Unit 1: 14 Hours

Introduction to Earth Sciences with a special focus to Geology, scope, sub-disciplines and relationship with other branches of sciences

Unit 2: 14 Hours

Earth in the solar system, origin Earth's size, shape, mass, density, rotational and evolutional parameters Solar System-Introduction to Various planets - Terrestrial Planets Solar System-Introduction to Various planets - Jovian Planets Internal constitution of the earth - core, mantle and crust

Unit 3: 14 Hours

Convections in the earth's core and production of magnetic field Composition of earth in comparison to other bodies in the solar system. Originand composition of hydrosphere and atmosphere Origin of biosphere Origin of oceans, continents and mountains.

Age of the earth; Radioactivity and its application in determining the age of the Earth, rocks, minerals and fossils

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Arthur Holmes, Principles of Physical Geology. 1992. Chapman & Hall.
- 2. Emiliani, C, 1992. Planet Earth, Cosmology, Geology and the Evolution of Life and Environment. Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Gross, M.G., 1977. Oceanography: A view of the Earth, Prentice Hall.
- 4. The Dynamic Earth Wyllie. P.J
- 5. The way earth works Wyllie. P.J
- D.R. Johnson, M. Ruzek, M. Kalb, What is Earth System Science? Proceedings of the 1997 International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium Singapore, August 4-8, 1997, pp 688-69

Formative Assessment : 40%						
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks					
IA (2 Tests)	20% : 20 Marks					
Assignments	10% : 10 Marks					
Seminars / Group Discussion	10% : 10 Marks					
Total	40% : 40 Marks					

# BSc Earth Science (Basic / Hons.) Semester 2

#### Title of the Courses:

Course 1: DSC-Basics of Crystallography, Mineralogy and Petrology

Course 2: OE-Gems and Ornamental stones

Cours	e 1: DSC-2T	Course 2 : OE- 2		
Basics of Crystallography,			Gems and Ornamental stones	
Mineralogy and Petrology				
Number of Theory	Number of lecture	Number of Theory		Number of lecture
Credits	hours/semester	Credits		hours/semester
4	56	3		42

Content of the course: DSC 2T

## Basics of Crystallography, Mineralogy and Petrology

Sl.	Contents	Hours of
No.		teaching
	Pedagogy: Classroom teaching for Earth Science Major students	
	Course outcome with skills, employability and entrepreneurship	
	This paper is the most important and fundamental in Earth Science to understand the basics of Crystallography, Mineralogy and Petrology. The candidate will be exposed to the common crystals and their forms, minerals and their basic properties especially physical and optical. Also it deals with the most common resources viz. rocks which find tremendous applications potential especially in dimensional rock structures. Every student of Earth Science should know the common variety of rocks and minerals occurring and also their economic potential	
1	Unit 1.  Introduction to Crystallography.elementary ideas about crystal structure (crystalline, cryptocrystalline and amorphous)crystal parameter and indices. Crystal symmetry and classification of crystals into six systems. Study of forms of normal clases(holohedral). Elements of crystal symmetry. Chemical bonds. Silicate structures. Introduction to analytical techniques like XRD (X-ray diffraction), SEM (secondary electron microscopy).	14
2	Unit 2 Mineral's definition and classification, physical and chemical composition of common rock forming minerals. Nature of light and principles of optical mineralogy. Isotropic and non-isotropic substance. Uniaxial and biaxial minerals. Introduction to the Petrological microscope. Optical accessories. Micheal levy's chart. Extinction and its types.	
3	Unit 3 Rock cycle. Rock association in time and space. Physical aspects of magma. Generation of magma in crust and mantle. Physical properties of magma. Mode of occurrence-concordant and discordant forms. Strctures and textures of igneous rocks. Petrogenesis.	14

4 Unit 4
Origin, classification and occurrence of sedimentary rocks. Sedimentary
Rocks: Sedimentary textures and structures. Studies on common sedimentary
rocks such as Conglomerates, breccias, Sandstones, shales, Mudstones and
limestone. Metamorphic rocks- introduction, agents of Metamorphism, types
of metamorphism, textures and Structures of metamorphic rocks,
classification of metamorphic rocks. Index minerals, geothermometry,
geobarometry.

## References for further reading:

- 1. James D Dana. A Textbook of minerology, John Wiley and Sons
- 2. Verma, PK (2010), Optical minerology. Ane books Pvt. Ltd
- 3. Philips, RC, An Introduction to crystallography,
- 4. Buerger, Elementary crystallography
- 5. JAK Tareen and TRN Kutty, (1989) Elemental crystallography
- 6. Tyrrel, T.W Principles of Petrology, Chapman and Hall, UK
- 7. Turner and Verhoogen (1962), Igneous and metamorphic petrology, Allied publisher, Bombay
- 8. Prasad C (1980), A Textbook of sedimentology

#### II SEMESTER P2. B.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME EARTH SCIENCE

Teaching Hours/Week: 4 Exam. Duration: 4 Hrs

#### P-2: PRACTICALS

#### **Total Teaching Hours:**

1. Study of crystals based of geometrical constants.

- 1 Practical

3. Study of holohedral forms of six crystal system.

4 Practicals

4. Study of Physical properties of rock forming minerals (list-given below) -

3 Practicals

- 5. Study of the optical properties of important rock forming minerals using polarizing microscope: Quartz,
  - a. Plagioclase, Orthoclase, Microcline, Biotite, Hornblende, Augite, Hypersthene,
     Olivine, Garnet, Calcite.
     1 Practical
- 6. Megascopic studies of common igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks. 3 Practicals
- 7. Visit to field to study the mode of occurrence of minerals. -

1 Practical

*Silicates			Grou p	Mineral Name
Nesosilicates		Olivine Group	Olivine	
			Garnet Group	Garnet
		Al ₂ SiO ₅ Group	Andalusite, Sillimanite, Kyanite, Staurolite	
		Zircon Group	Zircon	
Sorosilicates		Epidote Group	-	
Cyclosilicates		Beryl Group	Beryl	
		Tourmaline	Tourmaline	
Inosilicates	Single Silicates	Chain	Pyroxene Group	Augite, Hypersthene
	Double Silicates	Chain	Amphibole Group	Actinolite, Hornblende
Phyllosilicates		Serpentine Group	Serpentine, Asbestos	
		Clay Minerals Group	Talc, Kaolin	
			Mica Group	Muscovite, Biotite, Phlogopite, Vemiculite
Tectosilicates		Quartz Group	Quartz	
		Feldspar Group	Orthoclase, Plagioclase, Microcline	
		Feldspathoid Group	Nepheline, Sodalite	
			Zeolite Group	Zeolite

# OE-2 GEMS AND ORNAMENTAL STONES

# OE-2 (3Credits)

SI. No.	Contents	Hours of teaching
7101	Pedagogy: Classroom teaching for Open Elective students	<u> </u>
.,,	Course outcome with skills, employability and entrepreneurship	
	Very important as gemstones have attracted mankind ever since macame into existence, because of their beauty and rarity. The gemstones market is ever expanding and also leading to the artificial growth of these stones and imitations.	14
1	Unit-1: Introduction to Gemology, classification of gemstones, detailed study of different physical characters and Optical properties of minerals with special reference of to gem minerals. Physico-optical effects in gem stones. Colour and cause of color in gems.	14
2	Unit-2: Cutting and polishing of gemstones. A detailed study of important precious and semi precious gem minerals- their characters and occurrences- world occurrences in general and Indian occurrences in particular. Precious Varieties:1. Diamond, 2. Ruby, 3. Sapphire, 4. Topaz, 5. Emerald ii) Semi-Precious varieties: Garnets, Quartz ,Lapislazuli, Turquoise and Organic gems.	14
3	Unit-3: Ornamental stones: Introduction to petrology, Classification of rocks, Properties of Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks.  Suitability of rocks for ornamental purposes. Occurrence and distribution rocks in Indian sub continent with particular reference to Karnataka. Evaluation, Quarrying, cutting and polishing of rocks.	14

#### Internet references/reference books:

- 1. Gems and Gem industry in India-GSI Memoir 45- R.V Karanth.
- 2 Gem and Gem Minerals EH Kvans and CB Slawsan
- 3. Encyclopedia of Minerals and Gemstones Edited by Michael O'Don Oghal.
- 4. Precious stones by Max-Bauer Vol. I and II. Publisher Dover publicationsInk. New york.
- 5. Rutley's Elements of Mineralogy-by H.H. Read, CBS publication
- 6. Dana's Manual of Mineralogy
- 7. GEMS by R. Webster Batter work and co. ltd., London
- 8. Gemstones Herbert Smith Published by Methuen co. Ltd., London
- 9. Introduction to Rock forming minerals-Deer, Howie and Zussman.
- 10. Physical Geology-P.K.Mukherjee
- 11. Geology of India-R. Vaidyanathan and M. Ramakrishnan
- 12 Geology of Karantaka-B.P.Radhakrishna
- 13. Mineral Resources of Karnataka-B.P Radhakrishna

14.

Formative Assessment : 40%		
Assessment Occasion/ type	Weightage in Marks	
IA (2 Tests)	20% : 20 Marks	
Assignments / Visits	10% : 10 Marks	
Seminars / Group Discussion	10% : 10 Marks	
Total	40% : 40 Marks	

## QUESTION PAPER PATTERN Semester B.Sc Degree examination (CBCS Scheme – NEP syllabus) EARTH SCIENCE

Paper:.....
Paper Code:.....

Time: 3Hours	Paper Code	Max. marks: 60
Note: All parts are compulsory  I Answer any five of the following	SECTION – A	2 x 5 = 10
a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.		
II Write short notes on any five of the 2. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	SECTION – B	$4 \times 5 = 20$
II Answer any three of the following 10. 11. 12. 13.	SECTION – C	$10 \times 3 = 30$
		Cal 1